Picture Tube

BI-PANEL RECTANGULAR GLASS TYPE LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS

General:

ALUMINIZED SCREEN MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

DATA

Heater, for Unipotential Cathod		
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ±	
Current at 6.3 volts	0.6 ±	
Warm-up time (Average) Direct Interelectrode Capacitan		sec
Grid No.1 to all other electr		<i>μ</i> μf
Cathode to all other electrod		$\mu\mu$
	(2500 m	<i>үү</i> л f ax. <i>үү</i> л f
External conductive coating t	o ultor {2500 m 2000 m	in. μμ.f
Faceplate and Protective Panel.		Filterglass
Total light transmission (App	rox.)	40%
Phosphor (For curves, see front of th		
		Aluminized
Fluorescence		White
Phosphorescence		
Persistence		eatum Snort
Focusing Method	C1	Magnetic
Deflection Angles (Approx.):		waynetic
Diagonal		110 ⁰
Horizontal		990
Vertical		82°
Electron Gun Typ	e Requiring No Ion-	Trap Magnet
Tube Dimensions:		
Overall length	15-3	/16" ± 3/8"
Greatest width	21-5/16" + 1	/8" - 1/16"
Greatest height	17-5/16" + 1	/8" - 1/16"
Diagonal	24-45/64" + 3/	32" - 1/16"
Neck length	5-	1/8" ± 1/8"
Radius of curvature of protec		
Radi	ius at center Rad	ius at edge
In plane of diago-		
nal deflection		ee Dimen-
to the state of heat	510	nal Outline
In plane of hori- zontal deflection	EO 1/4"	351/4"
la alama af camb!		JU-1/4
cal deflection	45-1/2"	35"
Radius of curvature of facep	late (Internal surfa	ice):
	ius at center Rac	
In plane of diago-	ies at center na	
nal deflection	30-1/2"	31-1/2"
In plane of hori-	70 112	71-112
zontal deflection	39-3/4"	26-1/2"

	Radia	is at	center	Radius at edge
In plane of verti-				
cal deflection		36-3/	4"	18-1/2"
Screen Dimensions (Minimum				
Greatest width				19–5/16"
Greatest height				
Diagonal				
Projected area				
Weight (Approx.)				
Operating Position CapRec		Small	Cavit	v / IEDEC No. 11-21)
Bulb J187	Fi++	olliaii he he	h Proti	ective Panel FP108
Base Small-Butte				
sacot t t t t t omatt gatt	,		,	(JEDEC No. B7-208)
Basing Designation for B	OTTOM	VIEW.		
Pin 1 - Heater	A D	_	(Cap - Ultor
Pin 2-Grid No.1	94	X -		(Grid No.3,
Pin 3 – Grid No. 2	⟨╚┋┋	ΥX)	Grid No.5,
Pin 4 - Grid No.4	≻≕	/)_		Collector)
Pin 6 - Grid No.1 2	$\langle \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	70)	C - External
Pin 7 - Cathode	\mathcal{K}_{\bullet}	₹		Conductive
Pin 8-Heater	\cup	<u> </u>		Coating

GRID-DRIVE* SERVICE

Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are positive with respect to cathode

are positive with respect to cathode	
Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Center Values:	
ULTOR VOLTAGE	volts
12000 min.	volts
GRID-No.4 (FOCUSING) VOLTAGE:	
Positive value 1000 max.	volts
Negative value 500 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 500 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:	
Negative-peak value 200 max.	volts
Negative-bias value 140 max.	volts
Positive-bias value 0 max.	volts
Positive-peak value 2 max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:	
Heater negative with respect to cathode:	
During equipment warm-up period not	
exceeding 15 seconds 410 max.	volts
After equipment warm-up period 180 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode . 180 max.	volts
Equipment Design Ranges:	
With any ultor voltage $(E_{C_5}k)$ between 12000 and 20000	volts
and grid-No. 2 voltage (Ec, k) between 200 and 500 vol	ts
Grid-No.4 Voltage for	
focus* 0 to 400	volts

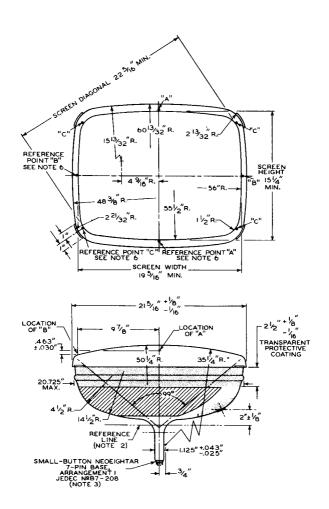
Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff	aster-Cutoff-Rang for Grid-Drive		
	value as determi except video dri positive	ve is a	
Grid-No.4 Current	-25 to +25 -15 to +15 0 to 8	μ a μ a gausses	
Examples of Use of Design Ranges:			
With ultor voltage of	18000	volts	
and grid-No.2 voltage of	400	volts	
Grid-No.4 Voltage for focus★	0 to 400	volts	
visual extinction of focused raster Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level):	-44 to -94	volts	
White-level value	44 to 94	volts	
Maximum Circuit Values:			
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	1.5 max.	megohms	
CATHODE-DRIVE SER	VICE		
Unless otherwise specified,			
are positive with respect	•		
Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-C	enter Values: (20000 max.	volts	
ULTOR-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	12000 min.		
GRID-No.4-TO-GRID-No.1 (FOCUSING) VOLTAGE:	•		
Positive value	1000 max.		
Negative value	. 640 max.		
GRID-No.2-TO-CATHODE VOLTAGE	500 max.		
CATHODE-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:		• .	
Positive-peak value	. 200 max.		
Positive-bias value	140 max.		
Negative-peak value	2 max.		
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode:			
During equipment warm-up period no exceeding 15 seconds		volts	
exceeding 13 Seconds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VOILS	

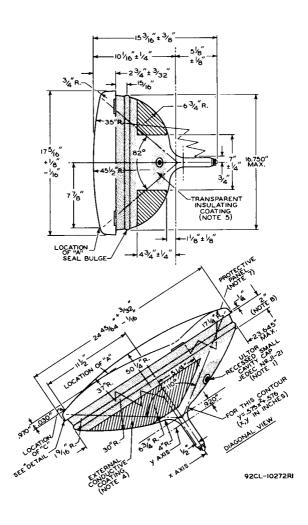
After equipment warm-up period. Heater positive with respect to cat		• .
Equipment Design Ranges:		
With any ultor-to-grid-No.1 voltage and 20000 volts and grid-No.2-to-gr between 225 and 64	id-No.1 voltage (12000 • Ec281)
	0 to 400 Raster-Cutoff-Ran for Cathode-Drive	
Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level): White-level value (Peak negative)Sam	ne value as determ	nined for
Grid-No.4 Current	-25 to +25 -15 to +15 0 to 8	μα μα gausses
Examples of Use of Design Ranges:		
With ultor-to-grid- No.1 voltage of and grid-No.2-to-grid-	18000	volts
No. 1 voltage of	400	volts
Grid-No.4-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage for focus*	0 to 400	volts
focused raster	42 to 78	volts
White-level value	-42 to -78	volts
Maximum Circuit Values: Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	1.5 max.	megohms
A Grid drive is the operating condition in the grid-No.1 potential with respect to This value is a working design-center mixinium ultor (or ultor-to-grid-No.1) which the serviceability of the 23CPN with that under the worst probable of supply-voltage variation and equipment ultor (or ultor-to-grid-No.1) voltage is The grid-No.1 (or grid-No.4-to-grid-No.5 ocus of any individual tube may have a00 volts; is independent of ultor curr constant for values of ultor (or ultor-No.2 (or grid-No.2-to-grid-No.1) voltage for these litems.	nimum. The equivaler voltage is 11,000 v ill be impaired. The rmining a minimum de perating conditions variation the absolus s never less than 11	nt absolute oits below e equipment esign value involving ute minimum .000 volts.

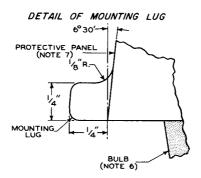
Distance from Reference Line for suitable PM centering magnet should not exceed 2-1/4". Excluding extraneous fields, the center of the undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a 3/8-inch radius concentric with the center of the tube face. It is to be noted that the earth's magnetic field can cause as much as 1/2-inch deflection of the spot from the center of the tube face.

cathode drive is the operating condition in which the video signal varies the cathode potential with respect to grid No.1 and the other electrodes.

For X-ray shielding considerations, see sheet X-RAY PRECAUTIONS FOR CATHODE-RAY TUBES at front of this Section







NOTE 1: THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND PIN 4 MAY VARY FROM THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND ULTOR TERMINAL BY ANGULAR TOLERANCE (MEASURED ABOUT THE TUBE AXIS) OF ± 30°. ULTOR TERMINAL IS ON SAME SIDE AS PIN 4.

NOTE 2: WITH TUBE NECK INSERTED THROUGH FLARED END OF REFERENCE-LINE GAUGE JEDEC No.G-126 (SHOWN AT FRONT OF THIS SECTION) AND WITH TUBE SEATEDIN GAUGE, THE REFERENCE LINE IS DETERMINED BY THE INTERSECTION OF THE PLANE CC' OF THE GAUGE WITH THE GLASS FUNNEL.

NOTE 3: SOCKET FOR THIS BASE SHOULD NOT BE RIGIDLY MOUNTED; IT SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE LEADS AND BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FREELY. THE DESIGN OF THE SOCKET SHOULD BE SUCH THAT THE CIRCUIT WIRING CANNOT IMPRESS LATERAL STRAINS THROUGH THE SOCKET CONTACTS OF THE BASE PINS. BOTTOM CIRCUMFERENCE OF BASE WAFER WILL FALL WITHIN A CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH BULB AXIS AND HAVING A DIAMETER OF 1-3/4".

NOTE 4: EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING MUST BE GROUNDED.

NOTE 5: TO CLEAN THIS AREA, WIPE ONLY WITH SOFT DRY LINT-LESS CLOTH.

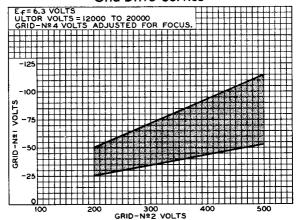
NOTE 6: REFERENCE POINTS A, B, AND C ARE PROVIDED FOR USE IN DESIGN OF A MASK CONTOURED FOR CLOSE FIT TO THE PROTECTIVE PANEL.

NOTE 7: THE CENTER OF THE PROTECTIVE PANEL MAY BE ECCENTRIC WITH RESPECT TO THE AXIS OF THE TUBE ENVELOPE. ASSOCIATED SHIFT OF THE PROTECTIVE PANEL ALONG ITS MINOR AND/OR MAJOR AXIS WILL NOT EXCEED 1/16".

NOTE 8: KEEP THIS CIRCUMFERENTIAL AREA FREE OF MOUNTING HARDWARE.

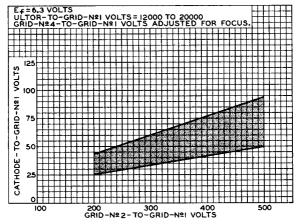
NOTE 9: ADEQUATE TUBE SUPPORT IS OBTAINED BY CLAMPING TO THE MOUNTING LUGS PROVIDED AT EACH CORNER OF THE PROTECTIVE PANEL. TUBE MOUNTING AND YOKE SUPPORT CLAMPS MUST BE SPACED FROM THE TUBE BY USE OF CUSHIONING PADS MADE OF MATERIAL SUCH AS.ASPHALT-IMPREGNATED FELT, OR EQUIVALENT.

RASTER-CUTOFF-RANGE CHARTS Grid-Drive Service



92CS-10312

Cathode-Drive Service



92CS-103I3

AVERAGE DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE

EF = 6.3 VOLTS

ULTOR-TO-GRID-NPI VOLTS = 16000

CATHODE BIASED POSITIVE WITH
RESPECT TO GRID NPI TO GIVE
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

RASTER FOCUSED

AT AVERAGE BRIGHTNESS.
RASTER SIZE = 18"x 13 1/2"

GRID-DRIVE SERVICE

E.f = 6.3 VOLTS

ULTOR VOLTS = 16000

GRID Nº 1 BIASED NEGATIVE WITH

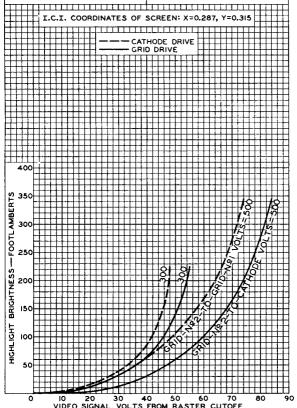
RESPECT TO CATHODE TO GIVE

FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

RASTER FOCUSED

AT AVERAGE BRIGHTNESS.

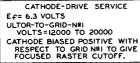
RASTER SIZE = 18"% 13"/2"



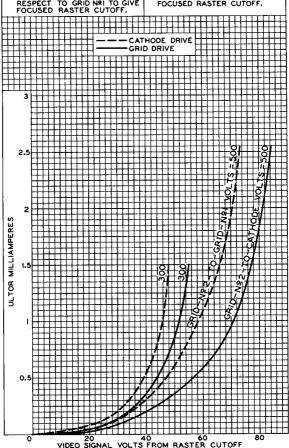
92CM-10318



AVERAGE DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS



GRID-DRIVE SERVICE
Ef=6.3 VOLTS
ULTOR VOLTS=12000 TO 20000
GRID N≥1 BIASED NEGATIVE WITH
RESPECT TO CATHODE TO GIVE
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.



92CM-10317