

## RF POWER TRIODE

Air-cooled triodes of metal-ceramic construction with integral cooler intended for use as industrial oscillators.

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Oscillator output power ( $W_O - W_{\text{feedb}}$ ), typical	$W_{\text{osc}}$		2,67 kW
Frequency for full ratings	f	max.	250 MHz*

To be read in conjunction with "General Operational Recommendations".

### RF CLASS C OSCILLATOR FOR INDUSTRIAL USE

#### OPERATING CONDITIONS

Frequency	f	160	27,12 MHz
Filament voltage	$V_f$	6,0	6,3 V
Oscillator output power ( $W_O - W_{\text{feedb}}$ )	$W_{\text{osc}}$	2,22	2,67 kW
Anode voltage	$V_a$	4,5	5,0 kV
Anode current	$I_a$	700	750 mA
Anode input power	$W_{ia}$	3,15	3,75 kW
Anode dissipation	$W_a$	0,75	0,83 kW
Anode output power	$W_O$	2,4	2,9 kW
Anode efficiency	$\eta_a$	76	78 %
Oscillator efficiency	$\eta_{\text{osc}}$	71	71 %
Feedback ratio	$V_{gp}/V_{ap}$	17	17 %
Grid resistor	$R_g$	2,2	2,2 k $\Omega$
Grid current, on load	$I_g$	225	235 mA
Grid voltage, negative	$-V_g$	495	517 V
Grid dissipation	$W_g$	70	80 W
Grid resistor dissipation	$W_{Rg}$	111	121 W

\* When used at frequencies above 160 MHz consult the manufacturer for more detailed information.

**LIMITING VALUES** (Absolute maximum rating system)

Frequency for full ratings	f	up to	250 MHz
Anode voltage	$V_a$		5,5 kV
Anode current	$I_a$		1,1 A
Anode input power	$W_{ia}$		6,0 kW
Anode dissipation	$W_a$		1,5 kW
Grid voltage	$-V_g$		1,0 kV
Grid current			
on load	$I_g$		280 mA
off load	$I_g$		400 mA
Grid dissipation	$W_g$		150 W
Grid circuit resistance	$R_g$		20 k $\Omega$
Cathode current			
mean	$I_k$		1,4 A
peak	$I_{kp}$		8 A
Envelope temperature	$T_{env}$		240 °C

**HEATING:** direct; filament thoriated tungsten

Filament voltage			
$f \leq 120$ MHz	$V_f$		6,3 V
$f > 120$ MHz	$V_f$		6,0 V
Filament current at $V_f = 6,3$ V	$I_f$		33 A

The filament is designed to accept temporary fluctuations of + 5% and -10%.

It is extremely important that the filament be properly decoupled. This should be done so that the resonance of the circuit formed by the filament and the decoupling elements remain below the fundamental oscillator frequency. In grounded-grid circuits this resonance should be below the grid-cathode resonance. For further information please see Application Book "Tubes for RF heating" or contact the manufacturer.

**CAPACITANCES**

Anode to filament	$C_{af}$		0,4 pF
Grid to filament	$C_{gf}$		17 pF
Anode to grid	$C_{ag}$		14 pF

**CHARACTERISTICS** measured at  $V_a = 2,0$  kV,  $I_a = 0,5$  A

Transconductance	S		10 mA/V
Amplification factor	$\mu$		20

**COOLING**

See cooling curves.

A low velocity air flow directed to the seals may be required.

To obtain optimum life, the temperature of the seals and of the envelope should, under normal operating conditions, be kept below 200 °C.

To maintain these temperatures additional cooling may be necessary. At frequencies higher than about 4 MHz cooling of the seals becomes mandatory.

**ACCESSORIES**

Filament connector	type 40688
Filament/cathode connector	type 40689
Grid connector	type 40686

**MECHANICAL DATA****YD1240**

Mounting position: vertical with anode up or down

Net mass: approx. 1,3 kg

Dimensions in mm

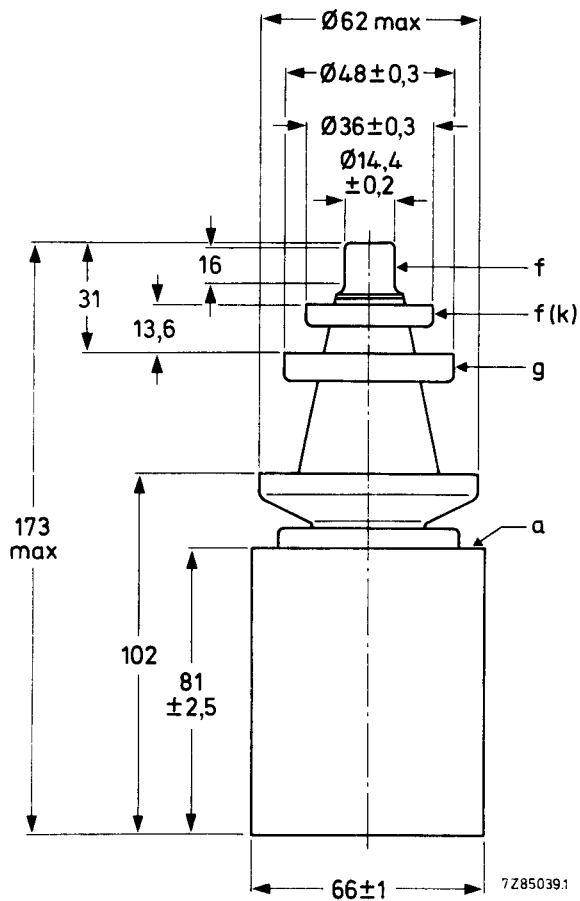


Fig. 1 Mechanical outline – YD1240.

YD1240  
YD1244

YD1244

Mounting position: vertical with anode up or down

Net mass: approx. 1,4 kg

Dimensions in mm

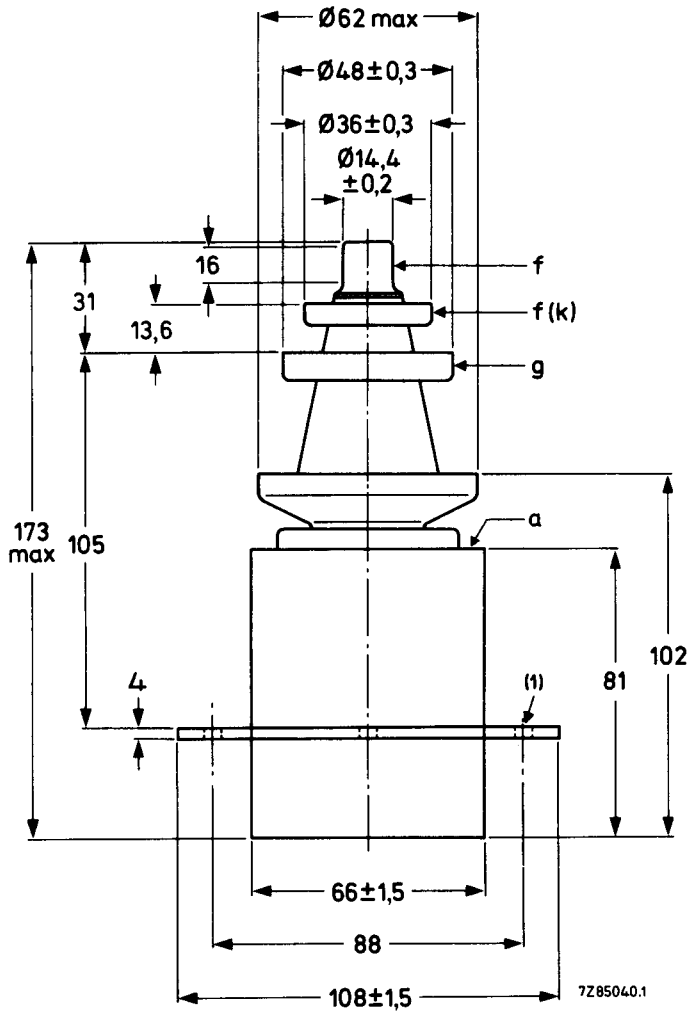


Fig. 2 Mechanical outline – YD1244.

(1) 4 x 5 mm  $\phi$  holes.

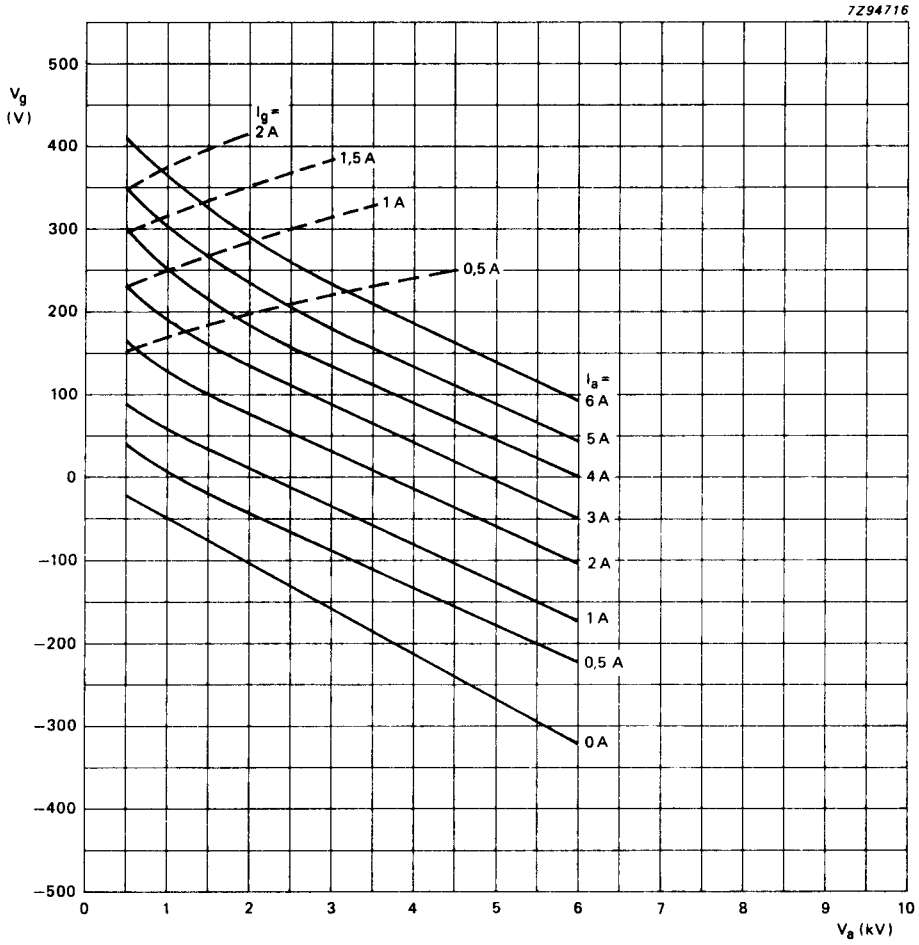


Fig. 3 Constant current characteristics.

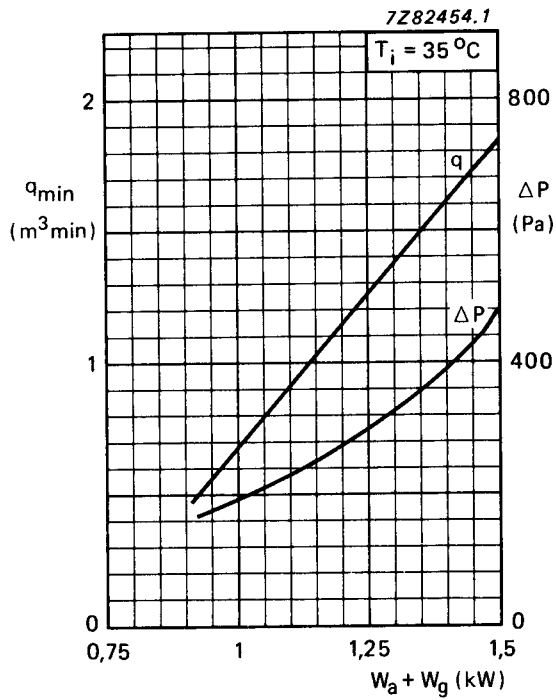


Fig. 4 Cooling curves.

# PHILIPS

Data handbook



Electronic  
components  
and materials

YD1240 YD1244

<b>page</b>	<b>sheet</b>	<b>date</b>
1	281	1988.02
2	282	1988.02
3	283	1988.02
4	284	1988.02
5	285	1988.02
6	286	1988.02
7	FP	2000.09.09