



**ELECTRONIC  
INNOVATIONS**  
IN ACTION

**MICROWAVE DEVICES**

PRELIMINARY

**— PRODUCT INFORMATION —**

**Y-1124**

Development Type \*

**Planar Triode**

The Y-1124 is a triode of ceramic and metal planar construction primarily intended for use as a grid-pulsed oscillator at frequencies up to 6000 megahertz. The Y-1124 features a bonded-heater construction resulting in usefulness in fast warm-up and extreme environment applications.

**CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION**

**AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS**

	Minimum	Bogey	Maximum	Units	Test Conditions				
					Ef V	Eb V	Ib Ma	RL Ohms	Rk Ohms
Heater Voltage, AC or DC •	6.0	6.3	6.6	Volts					
Heater Current	---	215	---	Milliamperes	6.3	---	---	---	---
Plate Current	---	12.5	---	Milliamperes	6.3	125	---	---	82
Amplification Factor	---	75	---		6.3	125	---	---	82
Transconductance	---	16000	---	Micromhos	6.3	125	---	---	82
Grid Voltage, Cutoff	---	-3.5	---	Volts	6.3	125	0.1	---	---
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances ♦									
Grid to Plate: (g to p)	---	1.05	---	pf					
Input: g to (h+k)	---	2.1	---	pf					
Output: p to (h+k)	---	0.018	---	pf					
Cathode Warm-up Time §	---	---	3	Seconds					

**GRID-PULSED OSCILLATOR SERVICE**

Frequency	5700	Megahertz
Duty Factor	0.016	
Pulse Duration	1.0	Microseconds
Pulse Repetition Rate	16000	Pulses Per Second
Plate Supply Voltage	400	Volts
Plate Current: Average During Pulse	0.6	Amperes
Grid Current: Average During Pulse	0.3	Amperes
Power Output: Average During Pulse	40	Watts

**NOTES**

- \* Both electrical and mechanical characteristics of development types are subject to change; therefore, it is recommended that designers consult their General Electric field representative before designing equipment around developmental types.
- The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance. In some applications, longer tube life may be obtained at reduced heater voltage. For specific recommendations, contact your General Electric sales representative.
- ♦ Measured at 450 KHz using a grounded adapter that provides shielding between external terminals of tube.
- § Time required for plate current to reach 80 percent of its steady-state value.

**GENERAL ELECTRIC**



Supersedes PI Sheet dated 8-67

**ABSOLUTE-MAXIMUM RATINGS**

**GRID-PULSED OSCILLATOR SERVICE**

Plate Supply Voltage.....	400	Volts
Pulse Duration.....	2	Microseconds
Duty Factor.....	0.016	
Plate Current: Average During Pulse⊕.....	0.6	Amperes
Negative DC Grid Voltage.....	50	Volts
Grid Current: Average During Pulse.....	0.3	Amperes
Plate Dissipation.....	3.5	Watts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage		
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode.....	50	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode.....	50	Volts
Envelope Temperature at Hottest Point▲.....	250	°C
Temperature Differential Between Two Adjacent Electrodes□.....	75	°C
Mechanical Vibration (20-2000 Hz Sinusoidal).....	30	G Peak

Absolute-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to any electron device of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The device manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the device, making no allowance for equipment variations, environmental variations, and the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the device under consideration and of all other electron devices in the equipment.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no absolute-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with any device under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of the device under consideration and of all other electron devices in the equipment.

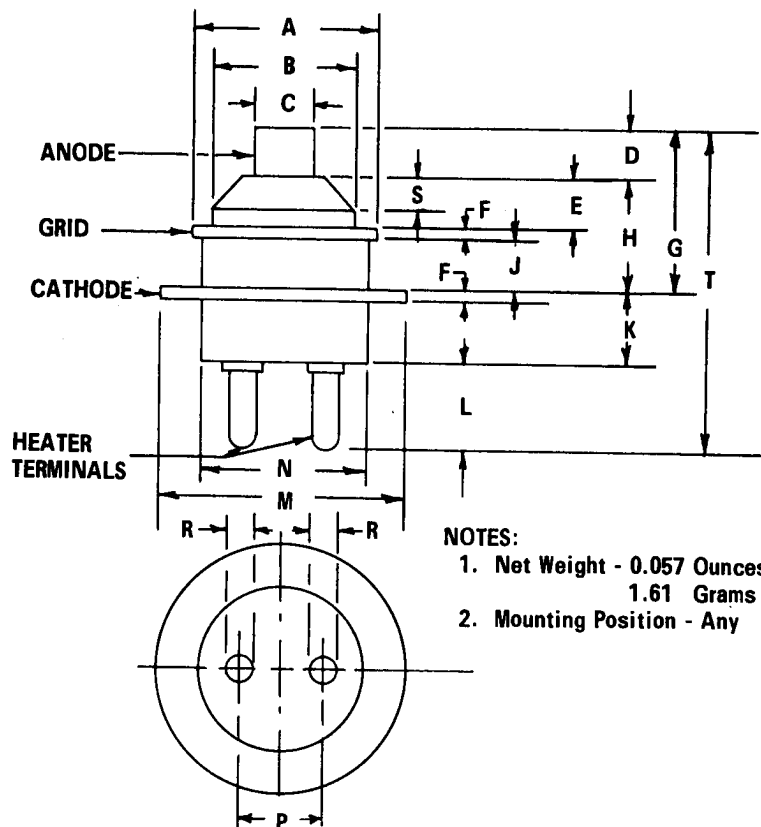
**NOTES**

- ⊕ The regulation and/or series plate supply impedance must be such as to limit the peak current, with the tube considered a short circuit, to a maximum of 10 times the maximum plate current rating.
- ▲ For specific recommendations concerning higher temperature operation, contact your General Electric sales representative.
- This assumes no thermal heat sinking to any insulator.

The devices and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of devices by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of these devices with other devices or elements. In the

absence of an express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of these devices with other devices or elements by any purchaser or others.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



- NOTES:  
 1. Net Weight - 0.057 Ounces  
 1.61 Grams  
 2. Mounting Position - Any

Ref.	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.357	0.360	0.363	9.068	9.144	9.220
B	---	---	0.285	---	---	7.239
C	0.108	0.110	0.112	2.743	2.794	2.845
D	0.095	0.100	0.105	2.413	2.540	2.667
E	0.095	0.100	0.105	2.413	2.540	2.667
F	0.025	0.028	0.031	0.635	0.711	0.787
G	0.315	0.325	0.335	8.001	8.225	8.509
H	0.216	0.224	0.232	5.486	5.690	5.893
J	0.094	0.098	0.102	2.388	2.489	2.591
K	0.143	0.150	0.157	3.632	3.810	3.988
L	0.165	0.175	0.185	4.191	4.445	4.699
M	0.476	0.480	0.484	12.09	12.19	12.29
N	---	---	0.330	---	---	8.458
P	0.130	0.136	0.142	3.302	3.454	3.607
R	0.048	0.051	0.054	1.219	1.295	1.372
S	---	0.060	---	---	1.524	---
T	0.623	0.650	0.677	15.82	16.51	17.20

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**TUBE PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT**

**GENERAL  ELECTRIC**

**Owensboro, Kentucky 42301**