

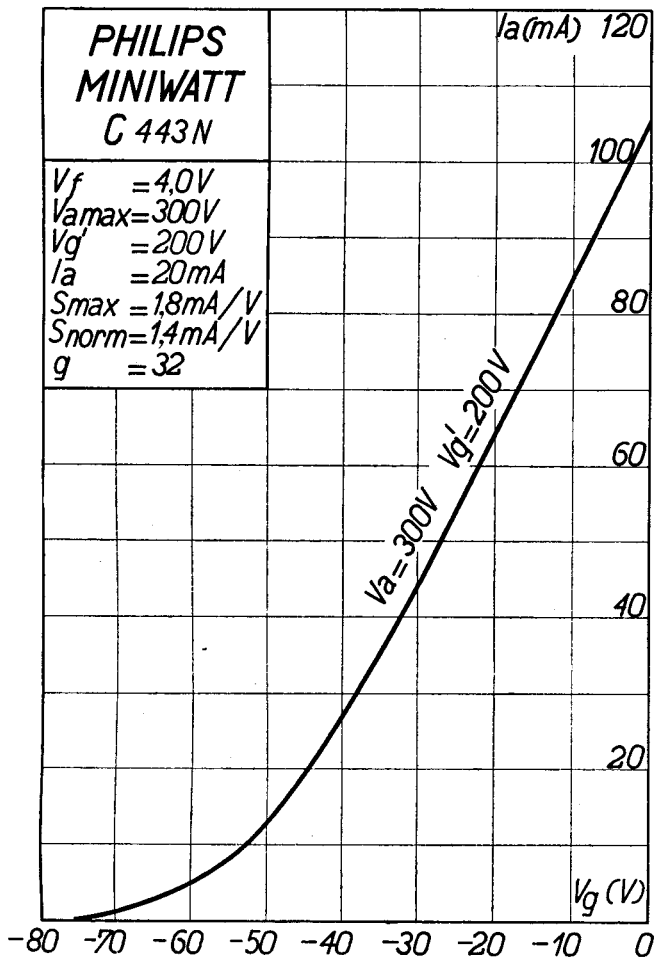
PHILIPS „MINIWATT“

Heizspannung		
Tension de chauffage	v_f	= 4,0 V
Filament voltage		
Heizstrom		
Courant de chauffage	i_f	= 0,25 A
Filament current		
Anodenspannung		
Tension anodique	v_u max.	= 300 V
Anode voltage		
Schirmgitterspannung		
Tension de grille-écran	$v_{g'}$	= 200 V
Screen-grid voltage		
Normaler Anodenstrom		
Courant anodique normal	i_a	= 20 mA
Normal anode current		
Neg. Gittervorspannung		ca.
Polarisation négative de grille	v_g	env. 45 V
Negative grid bias		appr.
Verstärkungsfaktor		
Coefficient d'amplification	$g(k)$	= 32
Amplification factor		
Steilheit (max.)		
Inclinaison (max.)	$S_{max.}$	= 1,8 mA/V
Slope (max.)		
Steilheit (norm.)		
Inclinaison (norm.)	$S_{norm.}$	= 1,4 mA/V
Slope (norm.)		
Innerer Widerstand (norm.)		
Résistance intérieure (norm.)	R_i	= 23000 Ohm
Internal resistance (norm.)		
Anodenverlustleistung		
Dissipation anodique	$W'_{u max.}$	= 6 W
Anode dissipation		
Max. Länge	l	= 89 mm
Longueur max.		
Overall length		
Grösster Durchmesser		
Diamètre max.	d	= 51 mm
Max. diameter		
Sockel		= 0 35
Culot		
Base		
Sockelschaltung		= S VIII
Connexion du culot		
Base connection		

Anwendung: Endstufe:
 Applications: Tube final:
 Function: Power valve:

**PHILIPS
MINIWATT
C 443N**

$V_f = 4,0V$
 $V_{max} = 300V$
 $V_{g'} = 200V$
 $I_a = 20mA$
 $S_{max} = 1,8mA/V$
 $S_{norm} = 1,4mA/V$
 $g = 32$



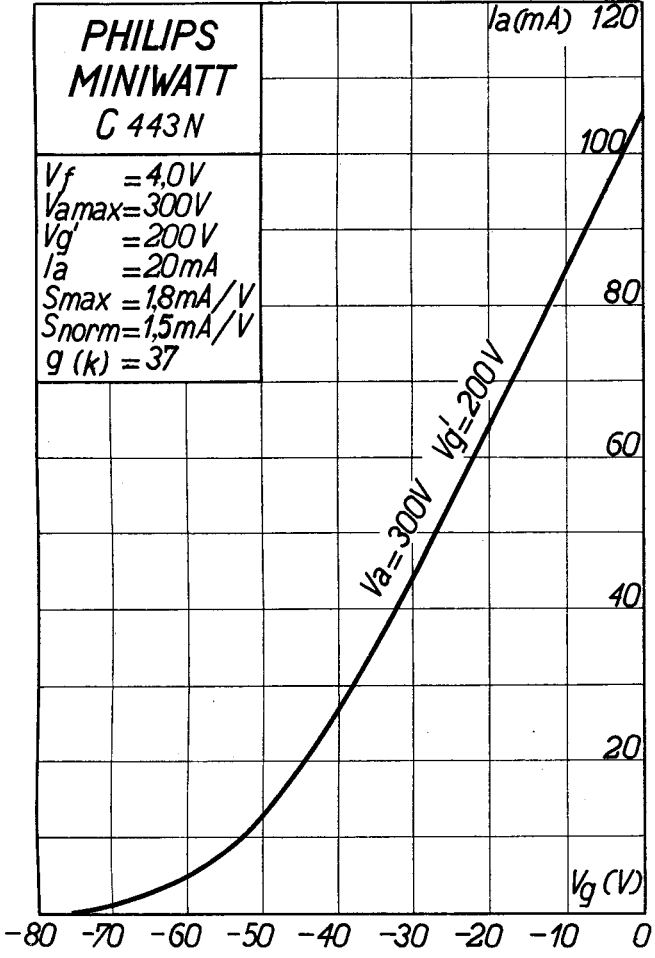
PHILIPS „MINIWATT“

Heizspannung			
Tension de chauffage	v_f	=	4,0 V
Filament voltage			
Heizstrom			ca.
Courant de chauffage	i_f	=	env. 0,25 A
Filament current			appr.
Anodenspannung			
Tension anodique	v_u	max. =	300 V
Anode voltage			
Schirmgitterspannung			
Tension de grille-écran	v_{g^1}	=	200 V
Screen-grid voltage			
Normaler Anodenstrom			
Courant anodique normal	i_a	=	20 mA
Normal anode current			
Neg. Gittervorspannung			ca.
Polarisation négative de grille	v_g	=	env. 42 V
Negative grid bias			appr.
Steilheit (max.)			
Inclinaison (max.)	$S_{max.}$	=	1,8 mA/V
Slope (max.)			
Steilheit (norm.)			
Inclinaison (norm.)	S_{norm}	=	1,5 mA/V
Slope (norm.)			
Verstärkungsfaktor			
Coefficient d'amplification	$g(k)$	=	37
Amplification factor			
Innerer Widerstand (norm.)			
Résistance intérieure (norm.)	R_i	=	25000 Ohm
Internal resistance (norm.)			
Anodenverlustleistung			
Dissipation anodique	w_a	=	6 W
Anode dissipation			
Max. Länge			
Longueur max.	l	=	89 mm
Overall length			
Grösster Durchmesser			
Diamètre max.	d	=	51 mm
Max. diameter			
Sockel			
Culot		=	0 35
Base			
Sockelschaltung			
Connexion du culot		=	S VIII
Base connection			

Anwendung: Endstufe
 Application: Tube final
 Function: Power valve

**PHILIPS
MINIWATT
C 443 N**

$V_f = 4,0V$
 $V_{max} = 300V$
 $V_{g'} = 200V$
 $I_a = 20mA$
 $S_{max} = 1,8mA/V$
 $S_{norm} = 1,5mA/V$
 $g(k) = 37$



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Max. Anodenspannung	V_{ao}	= 400 V
Tension anodique max.	V_{aL}	= 300 V
Max. anode voltage	V_{aL}	= 300 V
Max. Anodenbelastung	W_a	= 6 W
Dissipation anodique max.	W_a	= 6 W
Max. anode dissipation	W_a	= 6 W
Max. Kathodenstrom	I_c	= 25 mA
Courant cathodique max.	I_c	= 25 mA
Max. cathode current	I_c	= 25 mA
Max. Schirmgitterspannung	V_g^I	= 400 V
Tension de grille-écran max.	V_g^I	= 200 V
Max. screen-grid voltage	V_g^I	= 200 V
Max. Schirmgitterbelastung	W_g^I	= 1,0 W
Dissipation de grille-écran max.	W_g^I	= 1,0 W
Max. screen-grid dissipation	W_g^I	= 1,0 W
Mittlerer Schirmgitterstrom	I_g^I	= 0,4 mA
Courant de grille-écran moyen	I_g^I	= 0,4 mA
Average screen-grid current	I_g^I	= 0,4 mA
Ungefähre Grenzw. des Schirmgitterstr.	I_g^J min.	= 0,1 mA
Limites approxim. du cour. de gr.-écran	I_g^J max.	= 1 mA
Approx. limits of screen-grid current	I_g^J max.	= 1 mA
Gitterstrom-Einsatzpunkt	V_{gi}	= -2 V
Point de commenc. du courant de grille	$(V_f = 4 \text{ V} \sim)$	
Starting point of grid current	$(V_f = 4 \text{ V} \sim)$	
Max. Widerstand im Gitterkreis	R_{g1}	= 1,5 M. Ohm
Résistance max. dans le circuit de grille	R_{g2}	= 1 M. Ohm
Max. resistance in grid circuit	R_{g2}	= 1 M. Ohm
Nutzleistung	W_{01}	$(V_{g^{eff}} = 13 \text{ V})$ $(R_a = 15000 \text{ Ohm})$ = 1,9 W
Puissance utile	W_{02}	$(V_{g^{eff}} = 20 \text{ V})$ $(R_a = 15000 \text{ Ohm})$ = 3 W
Output	W_{02}	$(V_{g^{eff}} = 20 \text{ V})$ $(R_a = 15000 \text{ Ohm})$ = 3 W
Kapazitäten	C_{ag}	= 1 $\mu\mu\text{F}$
Capacités	C_{ak}	= 10,8 $\mu\mu\text{F}$
Capacities	C_{gk}	= 8,8 $\mu\mu\text{F}$

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