## DIAMETER 3" NOMINAL

## **3EG3P**

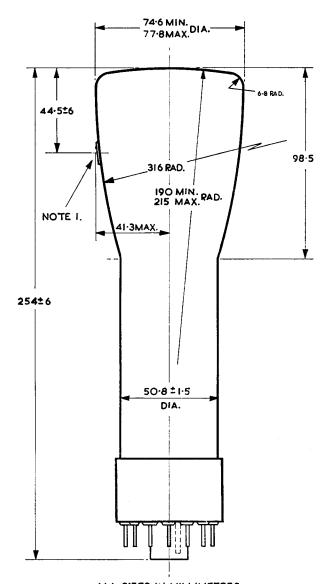
3kCap

## **Oscilloscope Tube**

ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS. ELECTROSTATIC DEFLECTION.

## **DATA**

D	DATA
GENERAL:	
Heater: Voltage Current	6.3 . a.c. or d.c. volts.
Current	0.6 amp.
Direct Inter-electrode Capacitan	ices:
Modulator to all other elec-	trodes 10.5μμf.
Each X Plate to all other el	lectrodes . 11.0μμf.
Each Y Plate to all other el	lectrodes 9.0μμf. 4.0μμf.
Deflector Plates X1 to X2	4.0μμf.
Deflector Plates Y1 to Y2	$\cdot$ . $\cdot$ 3.5 $\mu\mu f$ .
Screen:	
Fluorescence	Green.
Persistence	Short
(10m. sec. min./100m.	sec. max. for 1% initial brightness).
Focussing Method	Electrostatic.
Focussing Method Deflecting Method	Electrostatic.
Overall Length	254 mm. ± 6 mm.
Greatest Diameter of Bulb .	77.8mm.
Overall Length Greatest Diameter of Bulb Minimum Useful Screen Diame Mounting Position Anode Cap	ter 69.0 mm.
Mounting Position	Any.
Anode Cap	Recessed Ball
_	D00440/C17.
Base	B14A.
Pin 1—Heater. Pin 2—Cathode. Pin 3—Modulator. Pin 4—No connection. Pin 5—Anode 2. Pin 7—Y1.	Pin 8—Y2. Pin 9—Anode 1 and Anode 3. Pin 10—X2. Pin 11—X1. Pin 12—No connection. Pin 14—Heater. Cap—Anode 4 P.D.A.
Typical Operating Conditions: Anode 1 and Anode 3 (2500 vol Anode 2 Anode 4 P.D.A. (5000 volts ma Modulator volts for cut-off .	350/500 volts. x.) 3000 volts.
Deflection Sensitivity:	/ 1:
- 	mm./volt.
	0.15 to 0.2
Y Plate	0.2 to 0.27



ALL SIZES IN MILLIMETRES.

- Note 1. The angle between the trace produced by X1, X2 and a plane through the tube axis, Pin 5 and the P.D.A. Cap may vary by an angular tolerance of 10°. The P.D.A. Cap is on the same side of the tube as Pin 5.
- Note 2. The angle between the trace produced by X1 and X2 and the trace produced by Y1 and Y2 is  $90^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$ .
- Note 3. The undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a 7 m.m. radius concentric with the centre of the tube face.
- Note 4. When viewing the screen with the tube positioned such that Pin No. 5 is on the left, a positive voltage applied to the terminal X1 will deflect the spot to the left and a positive voltage applied to the terminal Y1 will deflect the spot upwards.