## DIAMETER 31 NOMINAL

## **90EY4**

SOFT

## Oscilloscope Tube

ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS. ELECTROSTATIC DEFLECTION

## DATA

GENERAL:					
Heater: Voltage	4.0		_		a.c. or d.c. volts.
Current					amp.
Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances.					
Modulator to all other electroc	les				25μμf.
Each X Plate to all other electr	rodes				25μμf.
Each Y Plate to all other electrodes					25μμf.
One X to one Y Deflector Plate					6μμf.
Cathode to all other electrodes					15μμf.
Screen:					
Fluorescence					Yellow.
Afterglow					Yellow.
Persistence of Afterglow .					Long.
(1 sec. min./10 se		for	1%	initi	al brightness).
Focusing Method					Electrostatic.
Pocusing Method Deflecting Method Overall Length Greatest Diameter of Bulb Minimum Useful Screen Diame	•				Electrostatic.
Overall Length					$332 \pm 8 \text{ mm}.$
Greatest Diameter of Bulb .	•				90 mm.
Minimum Useful Screen Diame	eter				70 mm.
Mounting Position	•				Any.
Base					B.12.D.
Pin 1—Modulator.	$\sim$			Pin	8Y2.
Pin 2—Cathode.	9 (7)	<u> </u>			9—X2.
Pin 3—Heater.	K .	8)			10—Anode 3 and
Pin 4—Heater.	[K	<b>√</b> 9			ernal Conductive
Pin 5—Anode 1.	佐三三	10			ting.
$\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{A})$		/ <del>1</del> 99		Pin	11—X1.
Pin 6—Anode 2.		ii)		Pin	12—Y1.
Pin 7—No connection.	1)=(12)				
<b>Typical Operating Conditions:</b>					
Anode 1	2000 v	zolts.			2000 volts.
	700 v				350 volts.
Anode 3 (5000v. max.)	4000 v	olts.			2000 volts.
Modulator volts for cut-off					
	to –80 v	olts.			-40 to -80 volts.
					is so so tolls.

Note 2. The angle between the trace produced by X1 and X2 and the trace produced by Y1 and Y2 is  $90^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$ .

mm/volt.

0.085

0.190

mm/volt.

0.170

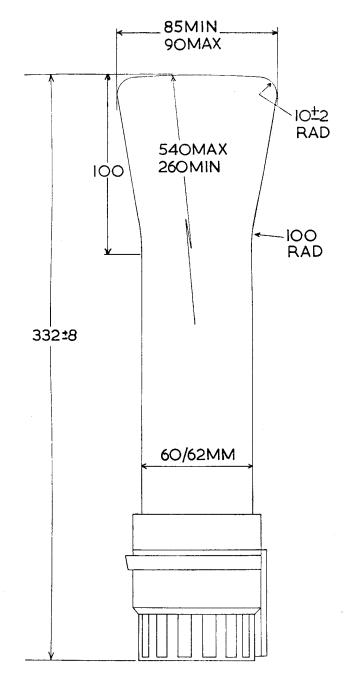
0.380

**Deflection Sensitivity:** 

X Plate

Y Plate

Note 3. The undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a 6 mm. radius concentric with the centre of the tube face.



ALL SIZES IN MILLIMETRES

Note 1. When viewing the screen with the tube positioned such that the base spigot is uppermost, a positive voltage applied to the terminal X1 will deflect the spot to the left and a positive voltage applied to the terminal Y1 will deflect the spot upwards.