Electrostatic



3JP-A CATHODE-RAY TUBE

TENTATIVE

The Du Mont Type 3JP-A is an electrostatic focus and deflection cathode-ray tube. It is similar to the Type 3JP- with the exception of having closely controlled tolerances. Deflection factors are held to within 10%, with low pattern distortions. Angle alignment between the DID2 and D3D4 traces is held to within 1°. Grid cut-off bias is held to within 25%.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Focusing Method

Deflecting Method	Electrostatic			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, Approximate	Min.	Max.		
Cathode to all other electrodes Grid #1 to all other electrodes D1 to D2 D3 to D4 D1 to all other electrodes D2 to all other electrodes D3 to all other electrodes D4 to all other electrodes	_	2.1 2.4 7.0 6.7	uuf. uuf. uuf. uuf. uuf. uuf. uuf. uuf.	
OPTICAL DATA				
Phosphor Number Fluorescent Color Phosphorescent Color Persistence	No. 1 Green ——— Medium		No. 7 Blue Yellow Long	No. 11 Blue Short
MECHANICAL DATA				
Overall Length Greatest Diameter of Bulb Minimum Useful Screen Diameter Bulb Number Bulb Contact (Recessed Small Ball Contact) Base (Medium Shell Diheptal, 12-pin) Basing	10 ± 3/16 3 ± 1/16 2 3/4 J 24G J1-22 B12-37 14,J		Inches Inches Inches	
Bulb Contact Alignment J1-22 contact aligns with trace of D1D2 J1-22 contact on same side as pin No. 5	<u>+</u> 10		Degrees	5
Base Alignment D1D2 trace aligns with pin No. 5 and tube axis Positive Voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately toward pin No. 5 Positive Voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately			Degrees	3
toward pin No. 2 Angle between D3D4 and D1D2 traces	90 <u>+</u>	1	Degrees	3

DU MONT

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RATINGS (Design Center Values)					
Heater Voltage Heater Current at 6.3 Volts Post Accelerator Voltage Accelerator Voltage Ratio Post Accelerator Voltage to		6.3 +10% 5000 2000	Volts Ampere Max. Volts D-C Max. Volts D-C		
Accelerator Voltage Accelerator Input Focusing Electrode Voltage		3.0 6 1500	Max. Max. Watts Max. Volts D-C		
Grid No. 1 Voltage Negative Bias Value Positive Bias Value Positive Peak Value Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage		200 0 0	Max. Volts D-C Max. Volts D-C Max. Volts		
Heater Negative with respect to cathode Heater Positive with respect to cathode Peak Voltage between Accelerator and any Deflection Electrode		180 180 550	Max. Volts Max. Volts Max. Volts		
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS		7 50	wax. AOTC2		
Post Accelerator Voltage Accelerator Voltage	3000 1500	2 000 1 000	Volts Volts		
Focusing Electrode Voltage Grid No. 1 Voltage	300 to 515 -34 to -56	400 to 690 -45 to -75	Volts Volts		
Pl Light Output ² Modulation ² Line Width "A" ²	25 35 ← •03	35 . Ø3	Ft. L. Min. Max. Volts D-C Inch Max.		
Deflection Factors: D1 and D2 D3 and D4	135 to 165 100 to 122		olts D-C per Inch olts D-C per Inch		
Deflection Factor Uniformity ³	3	3	% Max.		
Focusing Electrode Current for any Operating Condition		-15 to +15	Microamperes		
Spot Position	Within a 3/16-inch radius circle4				
Pattern Distortion @ 75% of Useful Scan5		2%	Max.		



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CIRCUIT DESIGN VALUES

Focusing Electrode Voltage Grid No. 1 Voltage

200 to 345 Volts/Kilovolt of Accelerator Voltage 22.5 to 37.5 Volts/Kilovolt of Accelerator Voltage

Deflection Factors:

No Post Accelerator, or Post Accelerator Voltage = Accelerator Voltage

Dl and D2 72 to 88 Volts D-C per inch per Kilovolt of Accelerator

D3 and D4 53 to 65 Volts D-C per inch per Kilovolt of Accelerator

Post Accelerator Voltage = twice Accelerator Voltage

D1 and D2 90 to 110 Volts D-C per inch per Kilovolt of Accelerator

D3 and D4 66.5 to 81.5 Volts D-C per inch per Kilovolt of Accelerator

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

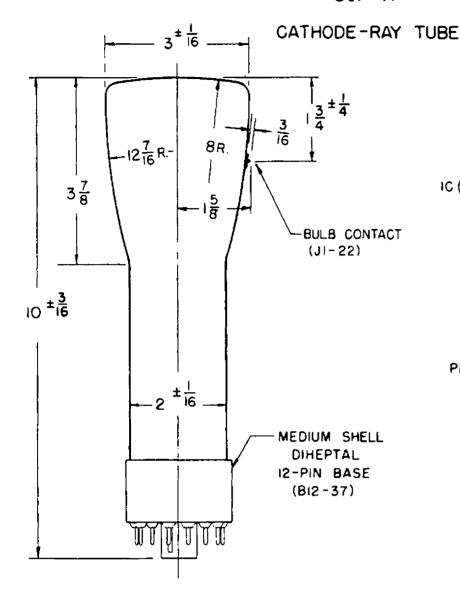
Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance	1.5	Max. Megohms
Resistance in any Deflecting-Electrode Circuit7	5	Max. Megohms

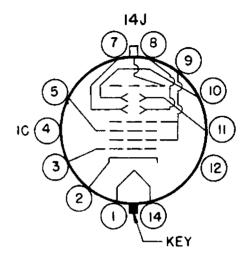
NOTES

- 1. Visual extinction of undeflected focused spot.
- 2. Measured in accordance with MIL-E-1B Specifications @ Ib3 = 100 ua.
- 3. The deflection factor (for both DLD2 and D3D4 plate pairs, separately) for any deflection of less than 75% of the useful scan * will not differ from the deflection factor for a deflection at 25% of the useful scan * by more than the indicated value.
- 4. When the tube is operated at typical operating conditions (Eh = 6.3 V., Eb3 = 4000 V., Eb2 = 2000 V., Eb1 at focus); Ec1 adjusted to avoid damage to the screen; with each of the deflecting electrodes connected to the accelerator; and with the tube shielded against external influences, the spot will fall within a 3/16-inch radius circle, centered on the tube face.
- 5. All portions of a raster pattern adjusted so its widest points just touch the sides of a 2.104-inch square, will fall within the area bounded by the 2.104-inch square and an inscribed 2.021-inch square.
- 6. Deflection accuracy may be obtained by combining angle between traces, deflection factor uniformity and pattern distortion characteristics. In general, for deflections less than those indicated, the accuracy will improve.
- 7. It is recommended that the deflecting electrode circuit resistances be approximately equal.
- * Useful scan is the area included within the useful screen diameter.



3JP-A





BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE

PIN NO. ELEMENT

I - HEATER

2 - CATHODE

3 - GRID NO. I

4 - INTERNAL CONNECTION

5 - FOCUSING ELECTRODE

7 - DEFLECTING ELECTRODE Da

8 - DEFLECTING ELECTRODE DA

9 - ACCELERATOR

10 - DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D2

II - DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D.

14 HEATER

CONTACT - POST ACCELERATOR

