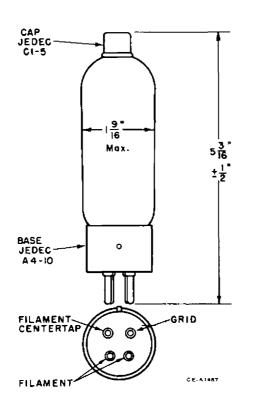
# Westinghouse

April 23, 1959

## THYRATRON TYPE WL-7306

The WL-7306 is a three-electrode, inert gas filled thyratron with a negative control characteristic. This tube is designed primarily for industrial control applications.

ELECTRICAL:			÷ . (	Sil .	
Cathode Dir	•			Filament	
Filament:	Min.	3 - 7			
Voltage	2.37	2.50	2.63	Volts	
Current at Filament Volts=2.5	• •	9.0	11	Amperes	
Heating Time	30			Seconds	
Deignization Time	less	μsec			
lonization Time ( approx.)			10	μsec	
Critical Grid Voltage	See CE-A1451				
Maximum Critical Grid Current			10	Цатр	
Interelectrode Capacitances (approx.	):			,	
Anode to Grid			2	ддлf	
Grid to Cathode			10	рдлf	
Typical Arc Drop			10	Volts	
Control Characteristic				Negative	
MECHANICAL:					
Mounting Position			•	Any	
Overall Height (approx.)				5-3/16"	
Overall Diameter (Maximum)				1-9/16"	
Type of Cooling	. Air, I	Unrestri	cted C	onvection	
Temperature Range			55	to +70 °C	
Bulb				T-12	
Anode Cap			. JE	DEC C1-5	
Base			. JED	EC A4-10	
Net Weight				3 02	
Shipping Weight (approx.)				24 oz	
· -					



#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM VALUES

Peak Anode Voltage:			
Forward	1000	max.	Volts
Inverse	1250	max.	Volts
Anode Current:			
Peak	30	max.	Amperes
Average	2.5	max.	Amperes
Averaging Time	4.5	max.	Sec.
Surge, max. Duration 0.1 sec. ■:			
Connection (a)	240	max.	Amperes
Connection (b)	120	max.	Amperes
Connection (c)	120	max.	Amperes
Commutation Factor •	0.66	max.	va/μsec²
Negative Control Grid Voltage:			•
Before Conduction	100	max.	Volts
During Conduction §	10	max.	Volts
Average Positive Control Grid Current:			
Averaging Time=1 cycle	0.10	max.	Ampere
Operating Frequency #	150	max.	cps

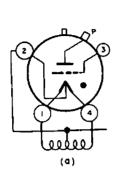
General These ratings are important in the prevention of "clean-up" or loss of the inert gas filling. Their observance will reduce the bombardment of anode or grid by positive ions of the gas filling, which may cause the gas ions to be absorbed in the tube element concerned.

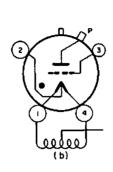
- Commutation factor is the product of the rate of current decay in amperes per microsecond just prior to the end of commutation and the rate of inverse voltage rise in volts per microsecond just after the end of commutation. Its value should not exceed the value given in order to reduce ion bombardment of the anode during the deionization period. Value given is for a maximum initial inverse voltage of 350 volts.
- § When the tube conducts, positive ions are attracted to a grid at negative potential. This positive ion current flowing throught the grid resistor will reduce the negative voltage at the grid from the higher negative grid supply voltage. To reduce ion grid bombardment, sufficient resistance must be provided to drop the negative grid supply voltage to a value not more negative than -10 volts as shown in the ratings.
- This rating indicates the heat emission properties of the grid. This value of current may be safely drawn to the grid if conduction occurs only while the anode is positive. However, during the period of negative anode potential, the grid potential must also be negative to prevent electrons being drawn to the grid and generating positive ions which would bombard the anode.
- ⊕ For higher frequency ratings, consult the tube manufacturer.
- These ratings are effective only when the anode return connections are made according to the diagrams shown in CE-A1468.

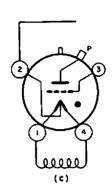
Thyratron Section

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# ANODE RETURN CONNECTIONS







CE-A1468

## CRITICAL GRID VOLTAGE

