

TECHNICAL DATA Electronic Tubes

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8082

TRIODE

The 8082 is a high-mu triode of ceramic-and-metal planar construction primarily intended for use as an oscillator in the ultra-high-frequency range.

GENERAL

Electrical

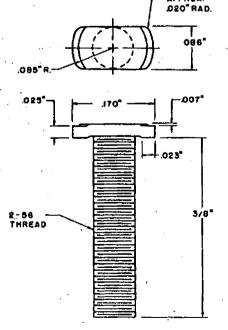
Cathode - Coated Unipotential

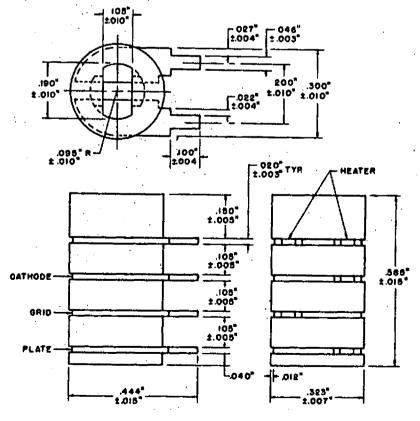
Heater Characteristics and Ratings		
Heater Voltage, AC or DC+	6.3±0.3	Volts
Heater Current‡	0.24	Amperes
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances§		-
Grid to Plate: (g to p)	1.3	pf
Grid to Heater and Cathode: g to (h + k)	1.8	pf
Plate to Heater and Cathode: p to (h + k)	0.032	pf
Heater to Cathode: (h to k)	1.5	pf

Mechanical

Mounting Position - Any V

APPROX.





ETR-2186

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute-Maximum Values

Plate Voltage		•	250	Volts
Positive DC Grid Voltage			.0	Volta
Negative Grid Voltage		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	50 1	Volts
Peak Negative Grid Voltage	÷	· ,	50	Voʻlta
Plate Dissipation			1.0	Watt
DC Grid Current	,		2.2	Milliamperes
DC Cathode Current		1	11	Milliamperes
Peak Cathode Current	,		40	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage				,
Heater Positive with Respec	t to Cathode		50	Volts
Heater Negative with Respec	t to Cathode	•	50	V olts
Grid-Circuit Resistance	. ,	•	10000	Ohms
Envelope Temperature at Hottes	t Point#		250	C

Absolute-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to any electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions. The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making no allowance for equipment variations, environmental variations, and the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration and of all other electron devices

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no absolute-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with any tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration and of all other electron devices in the equipment.

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

Average Characteristics

in the equipment.

Plate Voltage		100	150	Volts
Grid Voltage		0		Volts .
Cathode-Bias Resistor	•		82	Ohma
Amplification Factor	•		90	
Transconductance		11500	10500	Micromhos
Plate Current	•	9.0	7.5	Milliamperes
UHF Oscillator Service				
Plate Voltage		,	150	Volts
Grid Resistor	•		7000	Ohms
Plate Current			4.0	Milliamperes
Frequency	·	•	450	Megacycles
Grid Current			0.5	Milliamperes
Power Output, approximate		:	100	Milliwatts

- + The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- # Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.
- § Without external shield.
 - T One method of mounting the 8082 is to use a stainless-steel "T" bolt (see drawing) to attach the mounting base of the tube to a chassis or circuit board. The "T" bolt should be inserted in the slot in the base of the tube, turned 90 degrees, and attached to the chassis or circuit board with a 2-56 nut and lock washer. Torque used to tighten the nut should not exceed 3 inch-pounds.
- # Operation below the rated maximum envelope temperature is recommended for applications requiring the longest possible tube life.

8/18/61 (E)

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