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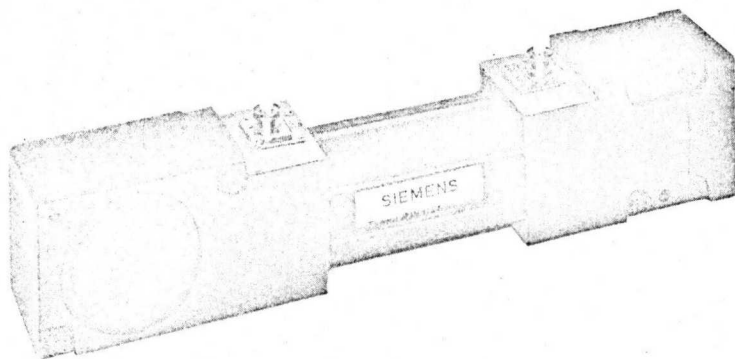
Conduction cooled power traveling wave tube with long life and high reliability for broadband radio relay systems with a power output of 22 W in the frequency range 10.7 to 13.25 GHz.

By using the most contemporary technic (double stage collector) an efficiency up to 38% is reached. The dissipated heat is low and independent of the RF input power. If the RF input power fails, no temperature rise will occur.

The tube is focused by an integrated periodic permanent magnet.

The RF power is coupled in and out by way of coaxial connections.

For operation of the tube RW 1125 a power supply can be delivered under the type- designation RWN 1125 (supply voltage 24 V, by choice minus or plus connected with case; other supply voltages on request).



Weight:	approx. 1.4 kg (3.1 lbs)
Dimensions:	approx. 42 mm × 52 mm × 262 mm (1.65" × 2.05" × 10.3")
RF connections:	Siemens socket connector 1.4/4.4 (50 Ω)
Mounting Position:	any

## Heating

Heater voltage	$U_F$	$6.3 \pm 0.2$	V <sup>1)</sup>
Heater current	$I_F$	0.64	A
Preheating time	$t_h$	none	

indirected by dc, +pole on cathode, parallel supply.

Metal capillary dispenser cathode.

Characteristics ( $f = 12.7$  GHz,  $I_K = 43$  to 53 mA)

		min	nom	max	
Gain	$V_p$		40.5		dB
Gain slope (Load VSWR $\leq 1.2$ )	$\Delta V_p / \Delta f$		0.01		dB/MHz
VSWR cold	s			1.8	<sup>2)</sup>
Cold attenuation	$\alpha$	80			dB

Typical Operation for  $P_2 = 22$  W

Frequency range	$f$	10.7 to 11.7	11.7 to 12.7	12.7 to 13.25	GHz
Power output	$P_2$	22	22	22	W
Power input	$P_1$	$2 \pm 1$ dB	$2 \pm 1$ dB	$2 \pm 1$ dB	mW
Collector 1 voltage	$U_{C1}$	1450	1450	1300	V
Collector 2 voltage	$U_{C2}$	600	600	550	V
Helix voltage	$U_H$	3100 to 3500	3100 to 3500	3100 to 3500	V <sup>3)</sup>
Grid 2 voltage	$U_{G2}$	$\approx 2600$	$\approx 2600$	$\approx 2600$	V <sup>4)</sup>
Cathode current	$I_K$	43 to 53	43 to 53	43 to 55	mA
Collector 1 current with Rf	$I_{C1}$	$\approx 27$	$\approx 27$	$\approx 31$	mA
Collector 2 current with RF	$I_{C2}$	$\approx 20$	$\approx 20$	$\approx 18$	mA
Collector 1 current without RF	$I_{C10}$	$\approx 3$	$\approx 3$	$\approx 3$	mA
Collector 2 current without RF	$I_{C20}$	$\approx 45$	$\approx 45$	$\approx 45$	mA
Helic current	$I_H$	$\approx 1$	$\approx 1$	$\approx 1$	mA
Grid 2 current	$I_{G2}$	$\leq \pm 0.1$	$\leq \pm 0.1$	$\leq \pm 0.1$	mA
Noise figure	$F$	$\leq 27$	$\leq 27$	$\leq 27$	dB
AM/PM conversion	$k_p$	$\leq 5$	$\leq 5$	$\leq 5$	%/dB <sup>5)</sup>
Total efficiency	$\eta_{total}$	$\approx 38$	$\approx 38$	$\approx 38$	%

<sup>1)</sup> If the maximum variation of the heater voltage exceeds the absolute limits of  $\pm 0.2$  V, the operating performance of the tube will be impaired and its life shortened.

<sup>2)</sup> At input and output of cold tube in the frequency range 10.7 to 13.25 GHz.

<sup>3)</sup> A fix setting value for any frequency ranges will be stated later.

<sup>4)</sup> It is adjusted at a power input of 2 mW for a power output of 11 W.

<sup>5)</sup> AM/PM conversion is the phase shift of the output signal when changing the input by 1 dB.

Typical Operation for  $P_2 = 11 \text{ W}$ 

Frequency range	$f$	10.7 to 11.7	11.7 to 12.7	12.7 to 13.25	GHz
Power output	$P_2$	11	11	11	W
Power input	$P_1$	$1 \pm 1 \text{ dB}$	$1 \pm 1 \text{ dB}$	$1 \pm 1 \text{ dB}$	mW
Collector 1 voltage	$U_{C1}$	1200	1150	1100	V
Collector 2 voltage	$U_{C2}$	600	600	550	V
Helix voltage	$U_H$	2900 to 3400	2900 to 3400	2900 to 3400	V <sup>1)</sup>
Grid 2 voltage	$U_{G2}$	$\approx 2200$	$\approx 2200$	$\approx 2200$	V <sup>2)</sup>
Cathode current	$I_K$	33 to 43	33 to 43	33 to 43	mA
Collector 1 current with RF	$I_{C1}$	$\approx 14$	$\approx 14$	$\approx 14$	mA
Collector 2 current with RF	$I_{C2}$	$\approx 23$	$\approx 23$	$\approx 23$	mA
Collector 1 current without RF	$I_{C1 \text{ o}}$	$\approx 2$	$\approx 2$	$\approx 2$	mA
Collector 2 current without RF	$I_{C2 \text{ o}}$	$\approx 36$	$\approx 36$	$\approx 36$	mA
Helix current	$I_H$	$\approx 1$	$\approx 1$	$\approx 1$	mA
Grid 2 current	$I_{G2}$	$\leq \pm 0.1$	$\leq \pm 0.1$	$\leq \pm 0.1$	mA
Noise figure	$F$	$\leq 26$	$\leq 26$	$\leq 26$	dB
AM/PM conversion	$k_p$	$\leq 4.5$	$\leq 4.5$	$\leq 4.5$	$\%/\text{dB}^3$
Total efficiency	$\eta_{\text{total}}$	$\approx 30$	$\approx 30$	$\approx 30$	%

<sup>1)</sup> A fix setting value for any frequency ranges will be stated later.

<sup>2)</sup> It is adjusted at a power input of 1 mW for a power output of 11 W.

<sup>3)</sup> AM/PM conversion is the phase shift of the output signal when changing the input by 1 dB.

## Maximum Ratings (absolute values)

Cold collector 1 voltage	$U_{c10}$	max	3000	V
Collector 1 voltage	$U_{C1}$	max	1800	V <sup>1)</sup>
Collector 1 dissipation	$P_{C1}$	max	55	W
Cold collector 2 voltage	$U_{c20}$	max	1000	V
Collector 2 voltage	$U_{C2}$	max	800	V <sup>2)</sup>
Collector 2 dissipation	$P_{C2}$	max	50	W
Cold helix voltage	$U_{H0}$	max	3800	V
Helix voltage	$U_H$	max	3600	V
Helix current	$I_H$	max	4	mA <sup>3)</sup>
Grid 2 voltage	$U_{G2}$	max	3600	V
Grid 2 current	$I_{G2}$	max	$\pm 0.3$	mA
Cathode current	$I_K$	max	60	mA
Load reflection	$P_{\text{reff}}$	max	3	W
Case temperature	$t_{\text{case}}$	max	100	°C <sup>4)</sup>
Ambient temperature	$t_{\text{amp}}$	min	-30	°C
Ambient temperature	$t_{\text{amp}}$	max	65	°C
Storage temperature	$t_{\text{stor}}$	min	-40	°C
Storage temperature	$t_{\text{stor}}$	max	70	°C
Storage life		max	5	years

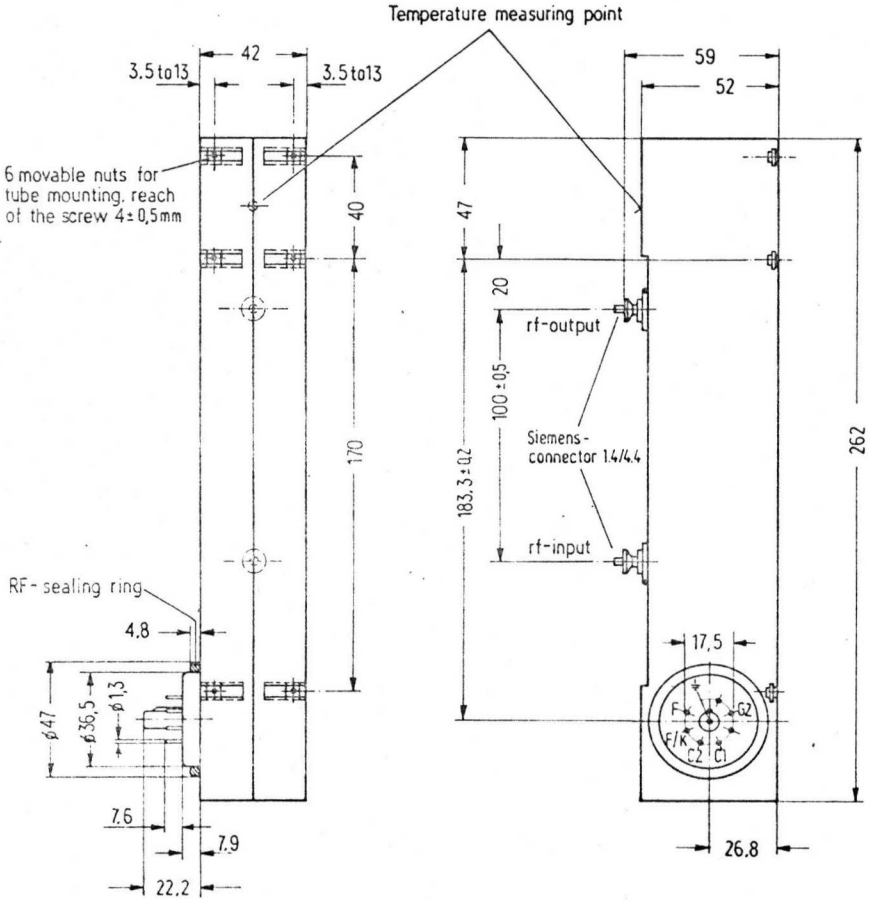
<sup>1)</sup> The collector 1 voltage must not fall more than 50V below the indicated operating value (stability and accuracy included).

<sup>2)</sup> The collector 2 voltage must not fall more than 30V below the indicated operating value (stability and accuracy included).

<sup>3)</sup> Switch-off value of the protection relay.

<sup>4)</sup> Measured on the temperature measuring point (see drawing).

For operating instructions, recommendations for the design of a power supply and detailed data please refer to the obligatory specifications.



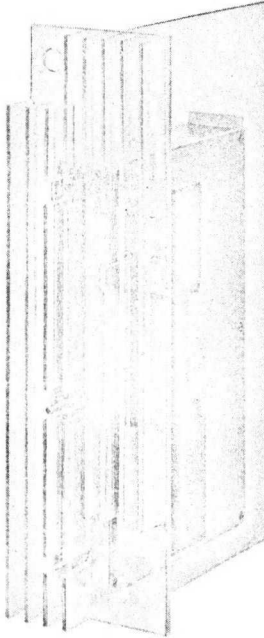
- C1 : Collector 1
- C2 : Collector 2
- G2 : Grid 2
- F : Heater
- F/K : Heater/Cathode
- $\perp$  : Ground

TWT-amplifier with long life and high reliability for broadband radio relay systems with a power output of 11 W in the frequency range 5.9 to 6.425 GHz.

It consists of a RW 88 tube and a RWN 88/24 power supply for 24 V supply voltage or, RWN 88/30 for 30 V supply voltage (mounting recommendation see "drilling diagram for front panel").

The amplifier operates with a constant helix voltage. The power output will be set by a step switch for grid 2 voltage (single-dial control). For monitoring of cathode and helix current are provided connections. After switching off due to excessive helix current the power supply switches on 4 to 6 times until definit switch off. Further switch on cycles can be released by "Reset" command.

The total efficiency of the amplifier is nominal 23%.



Weight of tube:	approx. 1.4 kg (3.1 lbs)
Weight of power supply:	approx. 2.8 kg
Dimensions of tube:	approx. 46 mm × 54 mm × 262 mm (1.8" × 2.1" × 10.3")
Dimensions of power supply:	approx. 50 mm × 310 mm × 190 mm (2" × 12.2" × 7.5")
RF connections:	N connector, female
Low-voltage feed:	soldering terminals
Mounting position:	any

## Typical Operation

Frequency range	$f$	5.9 to 6.425	GHz
Power output	$P_2$	11	W
Drive power	$P_1$	$1.4 \pm 1$ dB	mW
Setting accuracy of the power output with step-switch for grid 2 voltage		$\pm 0.25$	dB
Gain slope	$\Delta V_p / \Delta f$	$\approx 0.01$	dB/MHz
Noise figure	$F$	$\leq 25$	dB
AM/PM conversion	$k_p$	$\leq 5$	%/dB <sup>1)</sup>
RF-leakage		$\geq 70$	dB
Input current for RWA 88/24	$I_1$	$\approx 2$	A
Input current for RWA 88/30	$I_1$	$\approx 1.6$	A
Total efficiency	$\eta_{\text{total}}$	$\approx 23$	%

<sup>1)</sup> AM/PM conversion is the phase shift of the output signal when changing the input by 1 dB.