

V.H.F. POWER TRIODE

TY2-125

All-glass triode rated for a maximum anode dissipation of 135 W and suitable for use at frequencies up to 200 Mc/s.

This data should be read in conjunction with "Operating Notes, Part 1—Power Valves" included in this volume of the Handbook.

FILAMENT	Thoriated tungsten		
	V_f	6.3	V
	I_f	5.4	A

MOUNTING POSITION Vertical only, base up or down.

CAPACITANCES

C_{a-g}	5.5	$\mu\mu\text{F}$
C_{g-f}	5.5	$\mu\mu\text{F}$
C_{a-f}	0.1	$\mu\mu\text{F}$

CHARACTERISTICS (Measured at $V_a=2.5$ kV; $I_a=44$ mA)

g_m	2.8	mA/V
μ	25	

COOLING

Maximum temperature of base pins	180	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum temperature of anode seal	220	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

When the valve is operated at near maximum ratings it is possible that the maximum temperature limits may be exceeded, in which case an air flow of up to 5 cu. ft. (150 litres) per minute must be directed towards the centre of the valve base.

An anode terminal connector having a large area is necessary in order to keep the anode seal cool.

OPERATING CONDITIONS AS SINGLE VALVE R.F. POWER AMPLIFIER (CLASS "B" TELEPHONY)

Limiting Values

V_a max.	2.5	kV
p_a max. (corresponding to an anode temperature of 850°C i.e. red heat)	135	W
p_g max.	16	W
I_k max.	250	mA
$i_{k(pk)}$ max.	1.6	A
R_{g-f} max. (fixed bias)	100	k Ω
R_{g-f} max. (automatic bias)	200	k Ω

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Typical Operating Conditions

f	≤150	≤150	≤150	≤200	Mc/s
V _a	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.0	kV
V _g	-45	-67	-87	-67	V
I _a	120	97	77	97	mA
V _{in(pk)}	100	100	100	100	V
p _a	121	130	128	134	W
P _{out}	59	64	65	60	W
η	33	33	34	31	%
*P _{load}	47	51	52	48	W
<i>For 100% Modulation</i>					
I _g	52	28	20	28	mA
P _{drive}	9.4	5.1	3.6	8.0	W

*With a circuit Transfer Efficiency of 80%

OPERATING CONDITIONS AS SINGLE VALVE R.F. POWER OSCILLATOR OR AMPLIFIER (CLASS "C" TELEGRAPHY OR F.M. TELEPHONY)

Limiting Values

V _a max.	2.5	kV
p _a max. (corresponding to an anode temperature of 850°C i.e. red heat)	135	W
p _g max.	16	W
I _k max.	250	mA
i _{k(pk)} max.	1.6	A
R _{g-r} max. (fixed bias)	100	kΩ
R _{g-r} max. (automatic bias)	200	kΩ

Typical Operating Conditions

f	≤150	≤150	≤150	≤150	≤200	Mc/s
V _a	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.0	kV
V _g	-80	-110	-150	-200	-150	V
I _a	205	205	205	205	175	mA
I _g	40	40	40	40	35	mA
V _{in(pk)}	260	300	340	390	300	V
p _a	79	98	115	122	105	W
P _{drive}	10	11	13	14	20	W
P _{out}	126	210	295	390	245	W
η	61.5	68	72	76	70	%
*P _{load}	100	168	236	312	196	W

*With a circuit Transfer Efficiency of 80%

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OPERATING CONDITIONS FOR TWO VALVES AS R.F. POWER AMPLIFIER (CLASS "C" ANODE MODULATION)

Limiting Values

V_a max.	2.0	kV
p_a max. (corresponding to an anode temperature of 850°C i.e. red heat)	135	W
p_g max.	16	W
I_k max.	250	mA
$i_{k(pk)}$ max.	2.5	A
R_{g-f} max. (fixed bias)	100	k Ω
R_{g-f} max. (automatic bias)	200	k Ω

Typical Operating Conditions

f	≤ 150	≤ 150	≤ 150	≤ 200	Mc/s
V_a	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	kV
V_g	-130	-180	-225	-180	V
I_a	2×127	2×127	2×127	2×127	mA
I_g	2×40	2×40	2×40	2×40	mA
$V_{ln(g-g)pk}$	640	740	830	740	V
P_{drive}	2×11.5	2×13.5	2×15	2×21	W
p_a	2×32	2×38	2×51	2×41	W
P_{out}	190	306	408	300	W
η	74	80	80	78	%
* P_{load}	152	245	325	240	W
For 100% Modulation					
P_{mod}	126	191	255	191	W

*With a circuit Transfer Efficiency of 80%

OPERATING CONDITIONS FOR TWO VALVES AS GROUNDED GRID R.F. POWER AMPLIFIER (CLASS "C" TELEGRAPHY OR F.M. TELEPHONY)

Limiting Values

V_a max.	2.5	kV
p_a max. (corresponding to an anode temperature of 850°C i.e. red heat)	135	W
p_g max.	16	W
I_k max.	250	mA
$i_{k(pk)}$ max.	1.6	A
R_{g-f} max. (fixed bias)	100	k Ω
R_{g-f} max. (automatic bias)	200	k Ω

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Typical Operating Conditions at $f \leq 150$ Mc/s

V_a	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	kV
V_g	-80	-110	-150	-200	V
I_a	2×205	2×205	2×205	2×205	mA
I_g	2×40	2×40	2×40	2×40	mA
$V_{in(g-g)pk}$	520	600	680	780	V
P_{drive}	2×50	2×59	2×68	2×79	W
P_a	2×79	2×97	2×115	2×122	W
* P_{out}	$252 + 80$	$420 + 96$	$590 + 110$	$780 + 130$	W
† η	61.5	68	72	76	%
‡ P_{load}	265	410	560	730	W

*Includes power transferred from driver stage.

†Valve efficiency.

‡With a Circuit Transfer Efficiency of 80%.

OPERATING CONDITIONS FOR TWO VALVES IN PUSH-PULL AS CLASS "B" A.F. POWER AMPLIFIER OR MODULATOR (With I_{g1})

Limiting Values

V_a max.	2.5	kV
P_a max.	135	W
P_g max.	16	W
I_k max.	250	mA
$i_{k(pk)}$ max.	1.6	A
R_{g-f} max. (fixed bias)	100	k Ω
R_{g-f} max. (automatic bias)	200	k Ω

Typical Operating Conditions

V_a	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	kV
V_g	-23	-46	-65	-86	V
$I_{a(o)}$	2×30	2×30	2×30	2×30	mA
I_a (max.sig.)	2×210	2×210	2×208	2×178	mA
I_g	2×40	2×40	2×42	2×42	mA
$V_{in(g-g)}$ r.m.s.	210	240	280	295	V
P_{drive}	2×7.5	2×6.0	2×7.5	2×8.0	W
P_a	2×73	2×90	2×101	2×95	W
P_{out}	274	450	630	700	W
R_{a-a}	5.0	8.5	12	18.2	k Ω
η	65	71.5	76	78.5	%
D_{tot}	2.2	2.9	3.7	5.0	%

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INDUSTRIAL RATINGS

Limiting Values (Absolute Ratings)

f max.	150	Mc/s
$V_{a(d.c.)}$ max.	2.5	kV
$V_{a(pk)}$ a.c. max.	4.0	kV
I_a max.	200	mA
$I_{a(pk)}$ a.c. max.	260	mA
P_a max.	135	W
I_g max. (at P_a max.)	40	mA
I_g max. (at 25% P_a max.)	50	mA
R_{g-f} max.	15	k Ω

DIELECTRIC HEATER WITHOUT PROTECTION

Recommended rated operating condition for a dielectric heater employing single phase, full wave rectification (unsmoothed) for the anode supply.

f	150	Mc/s
$V_{transformer}$ (r.m.s.)	2500-2500	V
V_a	2.24	kV
P_{in}	310	W
I_a	112	mA
I_g	33	mA
R_{g-f}	6.0	k Ω
P_a (at 72% η)	87	W
P_{out} (less P_{drive})	203	W
* P_{load}	162	W

*With a circuit transfer efficiency of 80%.

DIELECTRIC HEATER WITH PROTECTION

Operating condition for a dielectric heater employing single-phase full wave rectification (unsmoothed) for the anode supply and incorporating the maximum protection for the valve against over-load, under drive and inefficient operation.

f	150	Mc/s
$V_{transformer}$ (r.m.s.)	2500-2500	V
V_a	2.24	kV
P_{in}	480	W
I_a	173	mA
I_g	36	mA
R_{g-f}	5.5	k Ω
P_a (at 72% η)	135	W
P_{out} (less P_{drive})	325	W
* P_{load}	260	W

*With a circuit transfer efficiency of 80%.

WEIGHT

Valve only

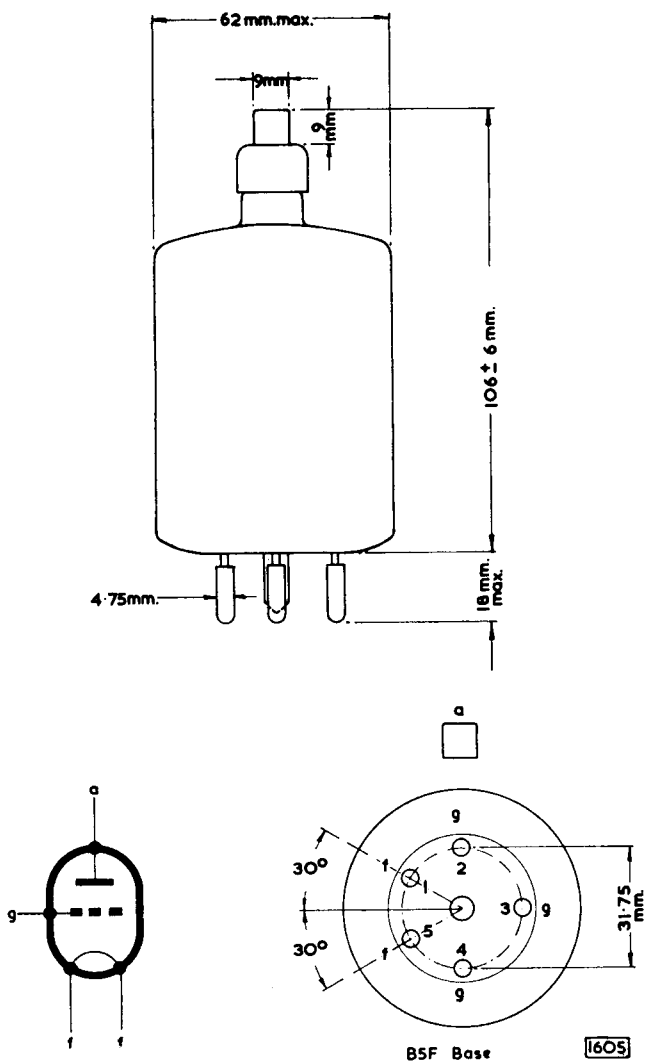
{ 4 ozs
110 g



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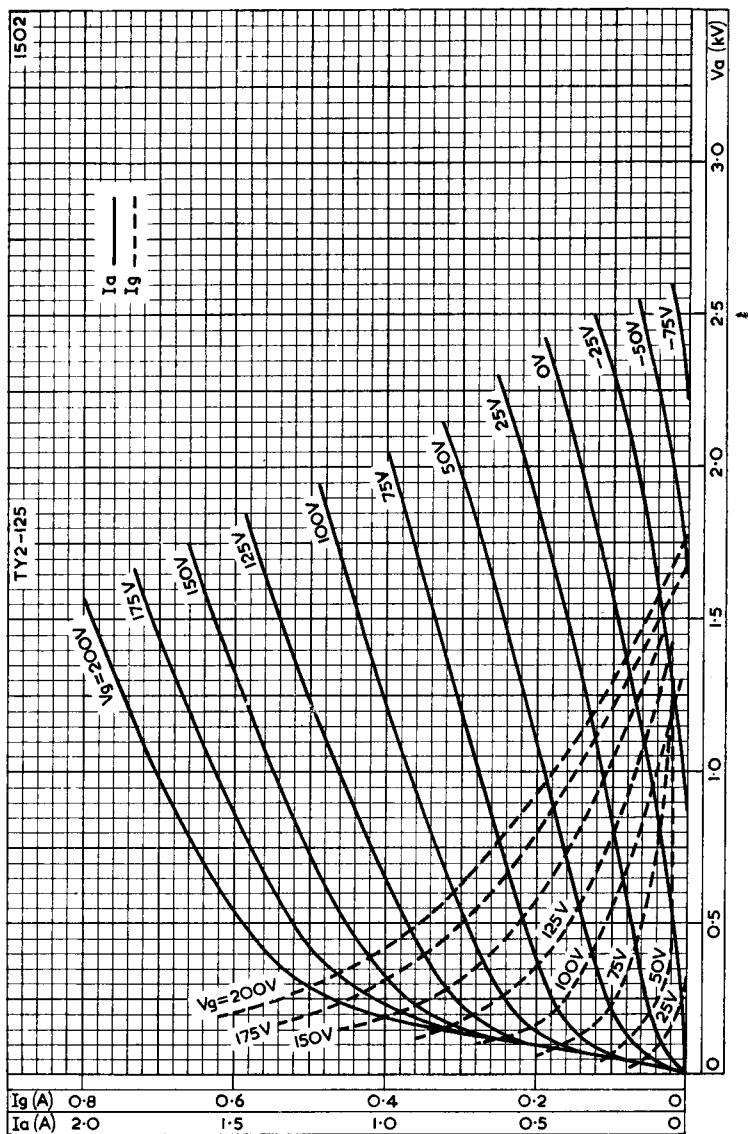
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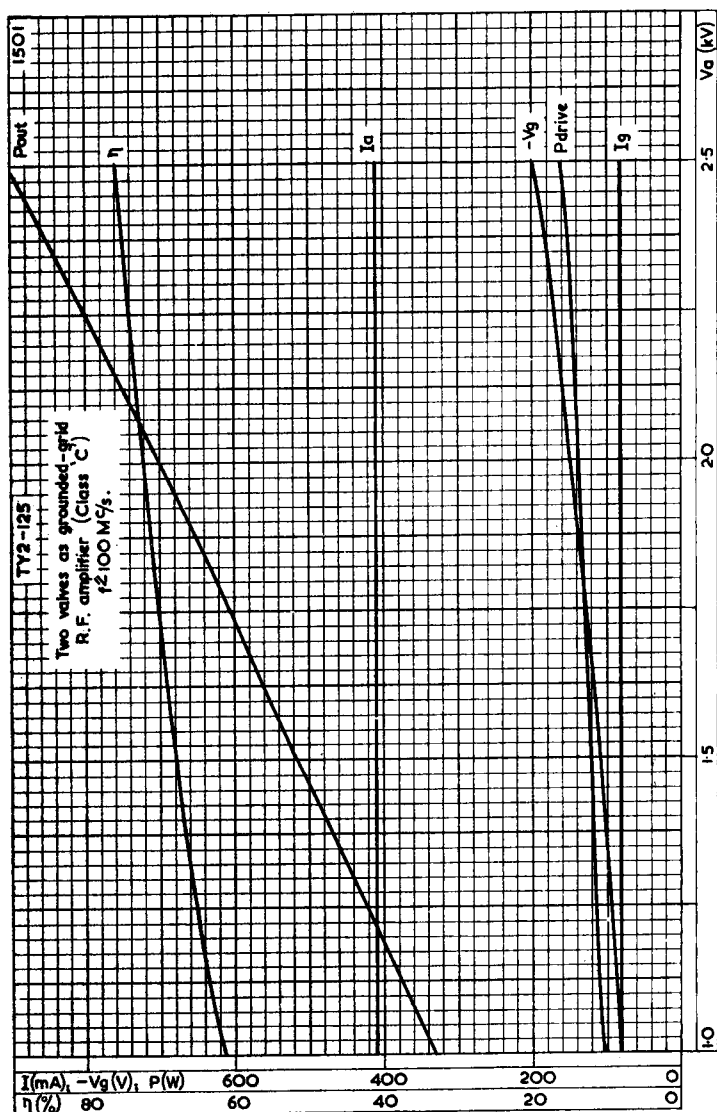


ANODE AND GRID CURRENT PLOTTED AGAINST ANODE VOLTAGE

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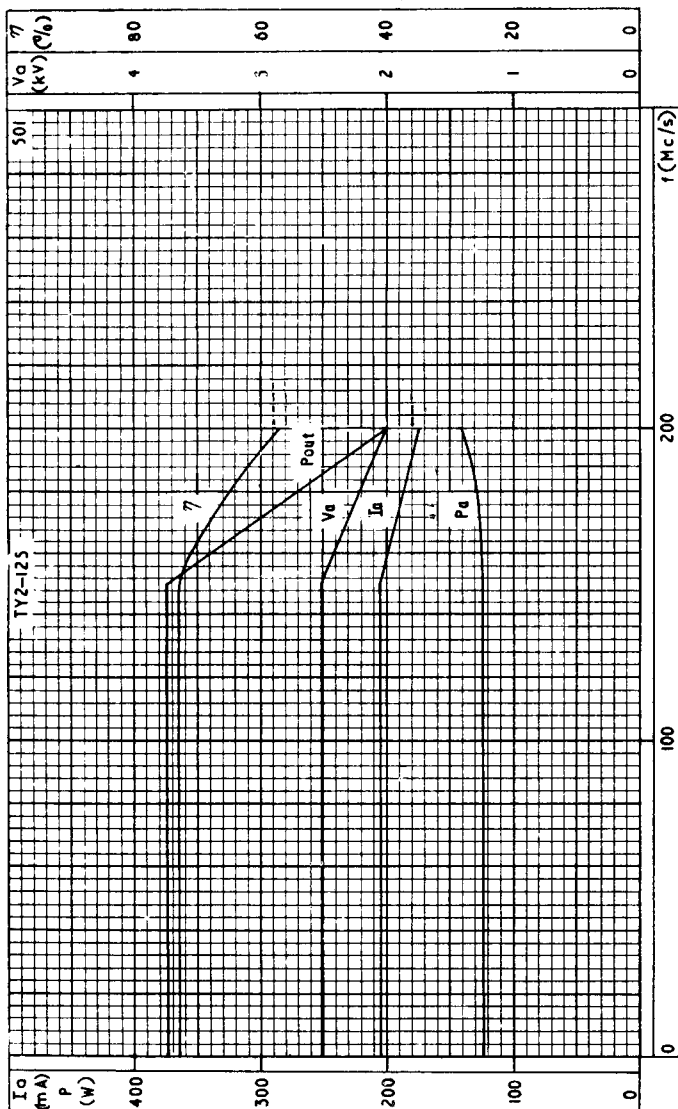


TWO VALVES AS CLASS "C" GROUNDED-GRID R.F. AMPLIFIER

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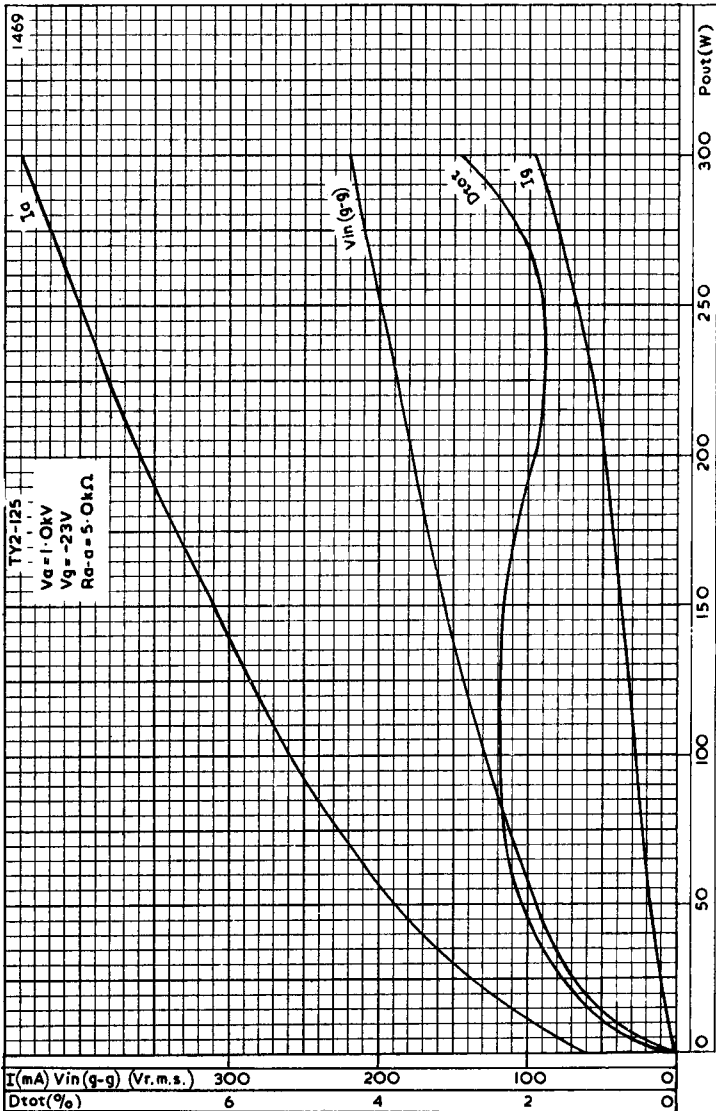


FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

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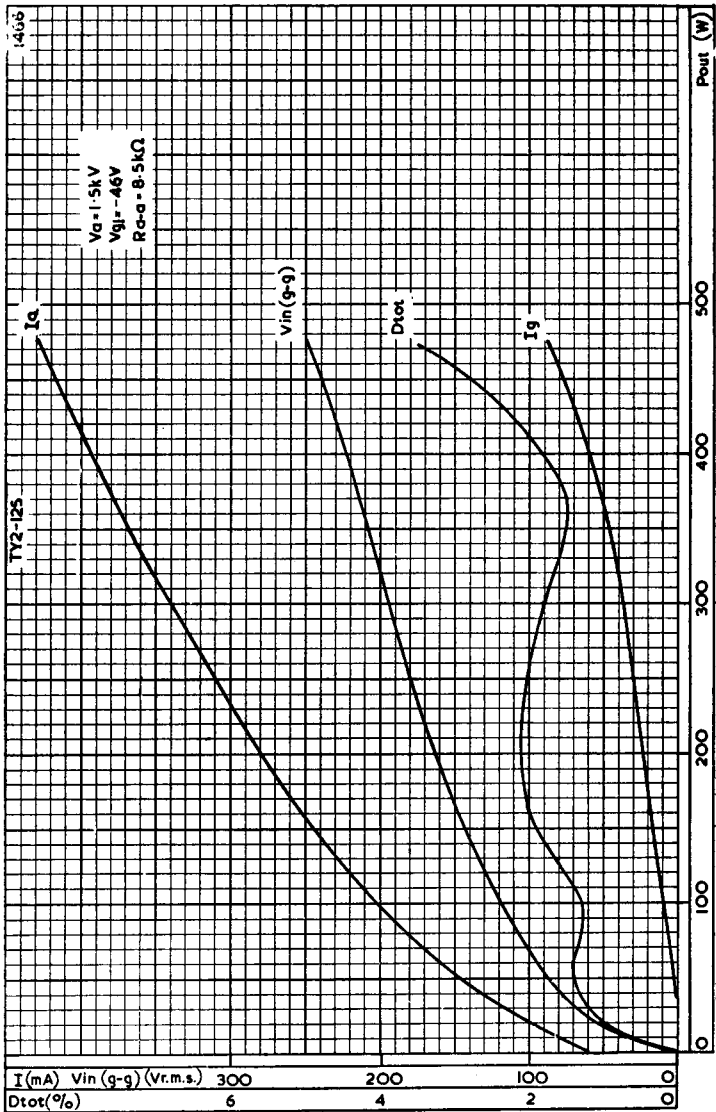


TWO VALVES AS CLASS "B" A.F. AMPLIFIER $V_a = 1.0$ kV

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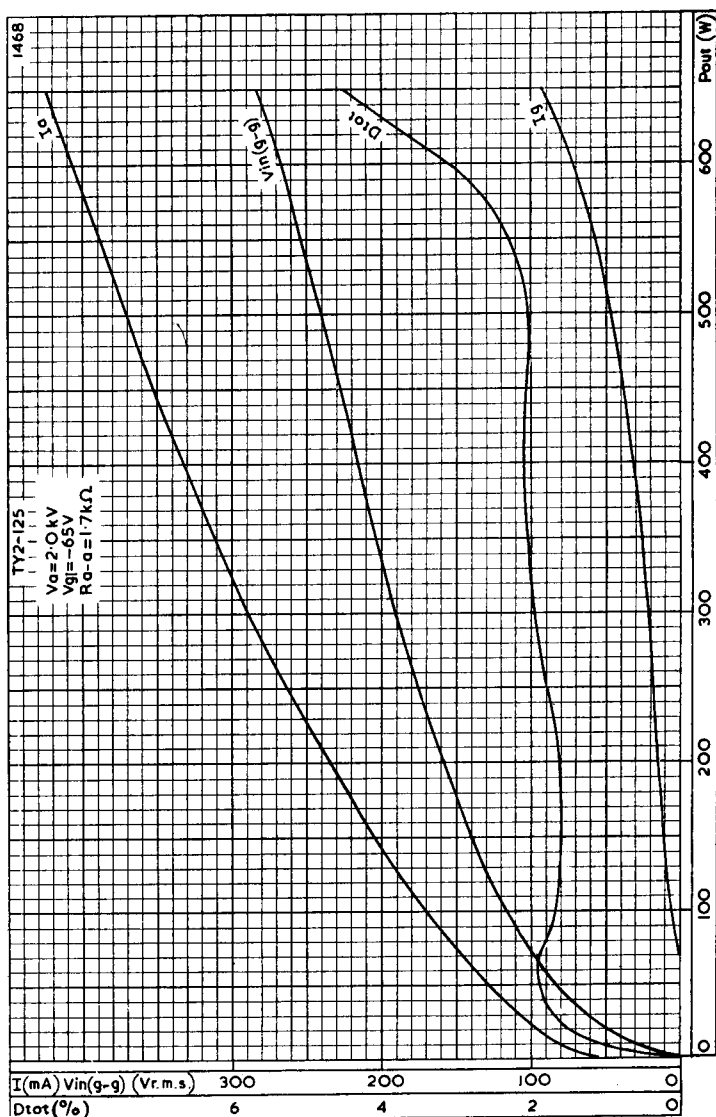
TWO VALVES AS CLASS "B" A.F. AMPLIFIER. $V_a = 1.5 \text{ kV}$



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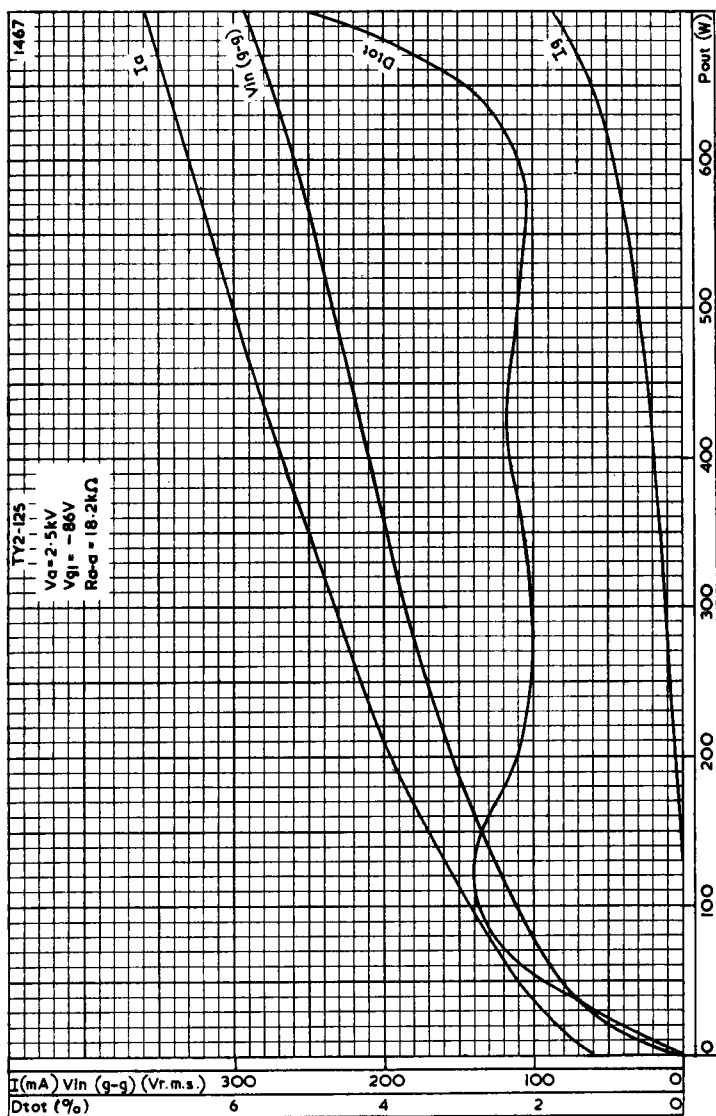


TWO VALVES AS CLASS "B" A.F. AMPLIFIER. $V_a = 2.0 \text{ kV}$

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TWO VALVES AS CLASS "B" A.F. AMPLIFIER. $V_a = 2.5 kV$